Mellor holds talks in Baghdad

BAGHDAD (AP) — British envoy David Mellor beld talks Wednesday with Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz on the situation in the Gulf region and bilateral relations, British embassy officials said. During his one-hour meeting with the Iraqi official, Mellor, minister of state at the Foreign Office, also discussed efforts under way at the United Nations to end the Iran-Iraq war and the Palestinian uprising in the Israeli-occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip, a British embassy spokesman said. Mellor, an aide to British Foreign Secretary Sir Geoffrey Howe with special responsibility for the Middle East, recently made headlines when he criticised Israel's practices in the occupied territories. The Iraqi News Agency (INA) said practices in the occupied territories. The Iraqi News Agency (INA) said the talks touched on the moves at the United Nations Security Council to impose an arms embargo on Iran for refusing to agree to the world body's peace calls. Aziz recently concluded a visit to China. He told reporters in Peking that the Security Council's five permanent members now support the concept of such an embargo. Mellor arrived in the Iraqi capital late



Moroccan, Algerian officials in Gulf talks

ABU DHABI (AP) — Moroccan Foreign Minister Abdul Latif Al Filali agreed with officials here on the need to implement a United Nations ceasefire call in the Gulf war, a press statement said Wednesday. Meanwhile in neighbouring Oman, Algerian Foreign Minister Ahmad Al Ibrahimi held talks with Sultan Qaboos. Ibrahimi said they discussed backing for United Nations efforts to implement Resolution 598, which calls for a ceasefire in the Iran-Iraq war. Both ministers are on separate tours of different countries on the Arabian peninsula, with diplomatic sources saying that a basic reason for their tours is to gain support for their divergent views on the issue of the Western Sahara. Algeria backs the Polisario front, which is lighting for independence from Morocco. The Palestinian problem and the demand for an Arab-Israeli settlement also figured in the talks which both North African ministers were holding, according to the statements made here and in Muscat. Filali and United Arah Emirates Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Rashid Abdullah also called for holding an international peace conference on the Middle East.

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Regent sends good wishes to Kuwait

AMMAN (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, sent a cable of good wishes to the Emir of Kuwait, Sheikh Jabar Al Ahmad Al Sabah, on the occasion of Kuwait's National Day anniversary. In the cable, the Regent wished the emir contimed health and happiness and more progress and prosperity for the Kuwaiti people.

Mubarak regrets charges against Nasser's son

CAIRO (AP) — President Hosni Mubarak said Wednesday that terrorism allegations against Gamal Abdul Nasser's eldest son won't tarnish the image of the late Egyptian president. Mubarak was quoted as saying he regretted that Khaled Abdul Nasser, 38, was among 20 men charged in connection with four shootings between 1984 and 1987 that killed two Israelis and wounded six others and two Americans. Mnbarak spoke at a closed meeting with senior officers of Egypt's 2nd and 3rd armies, both sta-tioned in the Suez Canal zone.

Moscow replaces Azerbaijan party leader

MOSCOW (R) - Soviet authorities Wednesday sacked the Communist Party leader in a region of Soviet Azerbaijan where ethnic Armenians have been demonstrating for reunification with Armenia, TASS news agency reported. The announcement came amid reports of renewed nationalist demonstrations in the Armenian capital of Yerevan and protests in other towns in the republic, dissident sources said (see page 8). A full meeting of the party committee in the Nagorno-Karabach of Azerbaijan relieved First Secretary Boris Kevorkov of his duties for "shortcomings in his work," it said. His successor was named as Genrikh Pogosyan, first deputy chairman of the regional

Balkan ministers open meeting

BELGRADE (AP) — The first post-war conference of Balkan foreign ministers opened Wednesday with Albania strongly indicating an end to its self-imposed isolation and signalling a willingness to cooperate with its neighbours. Yugoslav President Lazar Mojsov opened the session of six Balkan countries.

Gold price at lowest level since April

LONDON (R) — The gold price fell to its lowest since April 1987 in London Wednesday, dealers said. It touched a low around \$431.75, down \$10 on Tuesday's London closing price. It recovered to around \$435.00 in later Wednesday trading but dealers said it may remain under

Junejo to visit Iran

ISLAMABAD (R) — Pakistani Prime Minister Mohammad Khan Junejo will visit Iran next month, a Foreign Ministry spokesman said here Wednesday. The spokesman said the visit's dates would be announced later.

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 Jordanian, Egyptian
- businesamen open talks Party representative of a visiting today page 7 Pretoria bans political activities of 17 groups,
- Socialist International delegation said after talks with the officer, named only as Colonel Ze'ev: "He just denied everything we saw yesterday."

Palestinians observe total general strike in W. Bank and Gaza

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) — A general strike and violent protests hit the occupied territories Wednesday, along with the first report of an armed Arab attack on Israeli soldiers, as U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz prepared to kick off his new peace initiative.

Thursday bearing a new American plan to end the 11-week-old

Palestinian uprising. Jerusalem's pobce force was beefed np by an extra 1,500 officers, twice its normal size, and airport security was made tighter than ever to forestall protests during the Shultz visit.

The army said a bomb exploded on a road near Gaza as a military vehicle was passing about 11 p.m. Tuesday and shots were fired at the soldiers. No one was hurt, the spokesman said. No further details were available.

Until now, protesting Palesti-nians have avoided using arms in their uprising against the Israeb occupation authorities, restricting their violence to throwing stones, bottles and other objects and

Amnesty

probe into

calls for

Israeli

Wednesday.

beatings

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM

(Agencies) — Amnesty Interna-tional has urged Israel to hold an

independent inquiry into army

beatings of Palestinian demon-

strators that apparently had offi-

cial backing, a spokesman for the human rights group said

Amnesty's head of research

Clayton Yeo said human rights

violations were "happening on a large scale and happening with

signs of official encouragement'

in the occupied West Bank and

Gaza Strip.
"It looked like a deliberate

policy," he said of the beating of Palestinians during the 11-week uprising that began Dec. 9.

"Annesty was startled by the severity of what was happening. These were not isolated incidents," he told Reuters.

Yeo and two other Amnesty

officials arrived here Saturday to

push for an inquiry into the Israeli actions by a judicial com-mission. He said that individual

inquiries by the military were not

At least 63 Palestinians have

been killed in the unrest. Hun-

dreds have suffered gunshot

wounds or broken bones as a

this happen?" Yeo said. "Why

did it happen? To what extent

was there official encouragement of deviation from established

norms and regulations for the use

The Amnesty mission leaves

Thursday and has yet to receive a

formal response to the proposal.

Yeo declined to say who he had

Socialist rejects 'assurances'

European Socialists disputed

assurances from the Israeli milit-

ary governor of Ramallah that

the army had no systematic policy

Jan Wiarsma, Dutch Labour

of beating Palestinians.

A member of a delegation of

met during the mission.

"They have to answer, how did

result of severe beatings.

sufficient.

Shultz was expected here tossing an occasional firebomb. Palestine Liberatioo Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat has said arms would not be used at this stage of the upris-

ing, but did not rule out using

guns and explosives at a later

About 20 Arabs were arrested over the past couple of days on suspicion of taking part in pro-tests, a police spokesman said. At Silwan, an Arab village inside Jerusalem, all Palestinians leaving the commonity were checked and searched

Wednesday. Police sources quoted by Reu-ter said Palestinians lynched an Arab suspected of collaborating with the Israeli authorities Wednesday after be shot dead a in profour-year-old boy and wounded plan.

13 people who attacked his home. The incident occurred in the northern West Bank village of

Khabatiyeh, near Jenin. The sources said Mohammad Al Ayad opened fire with an Israeli-licensed Uzi machine gun when villagers set his bouse on fire. He was taken ont and hanged from an electricity pylon with a Palestinian flag, they said.

The Palestine Press Service (PPS) said Ayad was "recognised as an Israeli spy."

Israeli sources said only a handful of Palestinians who cooperated with the authorities were licensed to carry antomatic weapons for their own protec-

Elsewhere in the occupied territories, Israeli troops shot and wounded four Palestinians during a violent demonstration in the Nuseirat refugee camp in the Gaza Strip, local residents said.

Israeli and Palestinian sources aid the Gaza Strip and the West Bank were paralysed by commercial and transport strikes staged by nearly all the 1.5 million Palestinians in the occupied areas in protest against the U.S. peace

|Khayyat accuses Israel of damaging Islamic shrines

By Jamal Halaby The Associated Press

AMMAN - Minister of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs Abdul Aziz Al Khayyat Wednesday accused Israel of damaging two of Islam's holiest shrines with "burning can-

"Israeli forces threw burning cannisters" into the Dome of the Rock and Al Aqsa mosques, causing small fires and injuring

worshipers, Khayyat said.
"This incident happened about three weeks ago, but we could not talk about it until he had some pictures as proof of Israel's base plot," be said in a telephone interview.

Police have clashed with pro-testers and worshipers several times in recent weeks in the mosque compound following Fri-

day prayers.

Al Distoni newspaper Wednesday published photo-graphs of the cannisters, which mostly appeared to be various

forms of tear-gas projectiles. "I do know exactly what kind they were, but the newspaper shows some of those cannisters,' the minister said.

The minister said the cannisters injured several people and burned "at least five different places" at Al Agsa Mosque and three at the

Dome of the Rock. He indicated most of the dam-

age was to the carpets.
"Thank God that there were some guards and worshipers at both mosques who detected the flames and stopped the fire from spreading to snrrounding rooms," Khayyat said.

Khayyat said the "base plot meant to scare and harm Muslim worshipers and prevent them from practicing their religious right of praying in those holy

Al Dustour earlier quoted him as saying the Israeli action was a "plot aimed at destroying the mosque are rebuilding the Jewish temple of Solomon.

Iraq says Iran lacking enough troops for offensive

KUWAIT (AP) — Iraqi President Saddam Hussein said Iran had been unable to muster enough men to launch a muchanticipated major offensive in the Gulf war, newspapers reported

Wednesday. Hussein, in an interview with Knwaiti newspaper and magazine editors, also said the Iraqi armed forces were now stronger and better equipped to defend Iraq from Iranian attack.

He scoffed at reports that Iran had delayed plans for an offen-sive because of a Syrian goodwill bid with Tehran, and dropped hints that he wanted Arab leaders

to stop trying to patch up his longstanding rift with Damascus. "The fact is that the number of volunteers they (Iranian leaders) gathered over the past year turned out to be less than the number mobilised for last year's February offensive... which was defeated," Hussein said.

"In addition, our armed forces are now much stronger, better equipped and better trained," he said in the interview, conducted m Baghdad.

Among the Kuwaiti newspapers that published the interview were Al Qabas, Al Seyassah, Al Rai Al Aam, Al Anbaa, Al Watan, the Arab Times and the

Kuwait Times

The Iraqi leader said that the pan-Arab stand in support of Iraq which was demonstrated at the Amman Arab summit in November had bolstered Iraq's military and political standing.

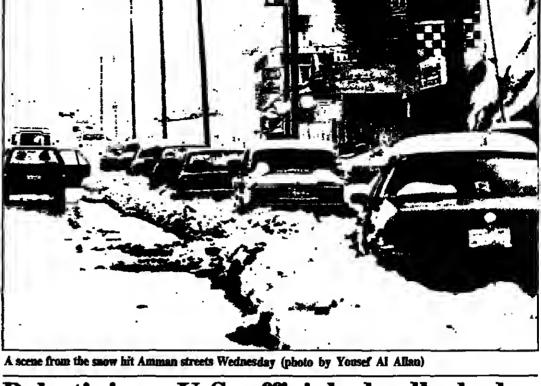
The Iraqi president did not rule

out Iranian military action against Iraq "in a bid to divert the attention away from what is going on inside the Israeli-occupied Arab

Hussein said "the failure" of the Syrian-Iraqi rapprochement was because of Syria's "disassociation of itself from the resolutions of the Amman summit" on Syrian-Iraqi relations.

He said that mediation was more acceptable before the Amman summit. "But after I met with Syrian President Hafez Al Assad in the presence of ... Arab leaders and discussed all details, there is no need for mediation."

Stressing that there was "no hope in putting an end to Iran's subversive role except by closing all doors to it," he advised the Syrians "if they do not want to sympathise with Iraq, let them show solidarity with Kuwait, with Sandi Arabia, and with the Un-ited Arab Emirates if exposed to Iranian aggression."



Palestinians, U.S. officials deadlocked over proposed meeting with Shultz

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) — Palestinians and U.S. officials have reached an impasse over a proposed meeting between a Palestinian delegation and U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz, who launches a new Middle East peace initiative Thursday.

Palestinians invited to meet Shultz said they would boycott the encounter because the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) has banned a meeting in

"As far as we're concerned there won't be a meeting. The PLO has made clear its conditions," Gaza Strip lawyer Fayez Abu Rahme told the AP in an interview Wednesday.

PLO leader Yasser Arafat has approved a meeting in Amman or Cairo that would include Palestinians from both the occupied territories and outside, according to Hanna Siniora, who reportedly met with PLO leaders in Europe

But Shultz, who arrives here

Thursday, has refused to meet Palestimans anywhere but Jerusalem, according to an informed U.S. government source.

"We're not taking directions from the PLO on how to meet with Palestinians," the source told the AP on condition of anooymity. "Meeting outside Jerusalem is a 00-go."

It is considered to be critical to the credibility of his peace initiative that Shultz meet with Palestinians during his five days

But David Good, spokesman for the U.S. consulate in Jerusalem, said he had oo guarantees a meeting would take place.
"We'll see. We still have a little

bit of time left. Mr. Shultz wants to have Palestinians involved in the process and would like to meet Palestinians in Jerusalem,"

Shultz admits he is up against widespread scepticism. "Well, I don't think people give me much chance of success," be said in Brussels Tuesday.

Analysts say the only glimmer of hope rests with new-found confidence in relations between Washington and Moscow.

Soviet Foreign Mioister Eduard Shevardnadze said he welcomed Shultz's trip, even though it was doubtful it would succeed. Moscow supports the Arab demand for an international conference as a way of thrashing out a durable solution. In Damascus, U.S. embassy officials said Shultz was sche-

duled to visit Damascus during his tour but declined to give his schedule. But informed sources said Shultz was likely to arrive in Damascus Saturday. The U.S. plan carried by Shultz

calls for an "international meeting" in April before direct Arab-Israeli talks on limited "self-rule" for the Palestinians.

Although Syria has dismissed the proposals as an inadequate attempt to impose a partial solution, officials said they were will-

Snow blizzard hits Jordan

By Nermeen Murad

and agency dispatches AMMAN — In a scene not witnessed here in eight years, the capital changed colours Tuesday night as a white blanket of snow obliterated the features of the city, knocking out electricity lines and leaving hundreds of people trapped in streets or offices while cars slid and bumped into each other in dozens of accidents.

The cold front, which started hitting the Kingdom three days ago, brought with it eight centimetres of snow in the capital, while almost 16 centimetres fell in the sonthern mountain towns of Shobak, Raas Munief and Raas Naqab, according to Ali Abanda, director of the Meteorological

Department. Abanda was quoted as saying by the Associated Press that "this is the coldest airmass for this season," which started in Octo-

ber and ends in May.

Abanda said the storm moved down from the North Pole through Turkey, Greece and the Soviet Union, and was expected to bring a precipitation of more than 15 centimetres of snow to Amman by the end of the day Wednesday.

Abanda also predicted that a similar strom was expected be-fore Friday, this time coming

from Italy. A source in the Public Security Department told the Jordan Times that "there were about 150 minor accidents but there were no major injuries or fatalities reported." The department said all roads in the Kingdom bad been reopened for traffie by

Wednesday evening.

His Royal Highness Crown
Prince Hassan, the Regent, visited the Civil Defence Department's operations room Wednesday and reviewed operations of ing to listen to Washington's the department in facing the ideas: hazards of the weather.

SS-12s leave E. Germany today

3 killed in W. Beirut car blast

BEIRUT (R) — A powerful bomb concealed in a taxi killed three people when it exploded in a crowded residential area of west Beirut Wednesday, wit-

Explosives packed in the rear of the beige Mercedes went off near an Iraqi bank and the Greek embassy, covering the street with pools of blood, twisted metal and shattered

glass. The taxi driver, a woman passenger and a vegetable seller in a nearby shop died in the blast, which tore the back from the charred vehicle.

Civil defence rescuers said three people were also injured. "Our car had just passed the taxi and we were only a few metres ahead when the explosion shook the area," a Syrian plainclothes security man told Renters.

Syrian and Lebanese soldiers sealed off the area, firing into the air as ambulances sped to the scene.

Eartier Wednesday, Syrian troops evacuated hundreds of people from Beirut airport af-ter as anonymous bomb threat, airport sources said.

A telephone caller told airport operators at 1:20 p.m. (1120 GMT) a bomb was set to explode in the passenger ter-minal "at any minute," they "The Syrians quickly

empticd the terminal and ordered hundreds of people out. Then they searched the place thoroughly," one source said.

No bomb was found and the sources said air traffic was not affected.

based in East Germany, will begin leaving by train Thursday moved "in the next few days." East Germany announced last EAST GERMANY (Agencies) — Soviet troops will start with-

drawing nuclear missiles from two bases at opposite ends of East Germany Thursday, before the treaty scrapping them is rati-fied, the East German Foreign Ministry said.

Annonncing the move Wednesday, spokesman Wolf-gang Meyer said it was meant to create favourable conditions for the U.S.-Soviet intermediaterange nuclear forces (INF) treaty to be implemented and was aimed at boosting East-West con-

fidence. A similar Western gesture was now expected, he said.

"The announced withdrawal... will begin tomorrow," Meyer said in a statement printed on the front pages of East German newspapers and made available

from Waren in the north and Bischofswerda in the south with a first group of sborter-range SS-12 missiles.

According to the treaty memorandum, there are 22 SS-12s at Waren, a lakeside town, and eight at Bischofswerda near Dresden. Both bases have training rockets and mobile launchers. Moscow says the SS-12s will be kept at destruction sites deep in

the Soviet Union until the treaty is ratified. Moscow has 54 SS-12s at four East German bases and 53 SS-23s at two others. There are 39 SS-12s in Czechoslovakia, the ouly other Warsaw Pact ally where nuclear forces are sta-

An announcement in Czechoslovakia's Communist Party daily newspaper Rude Pravo said the SS-12 Soviet missiles stationed on Moscow's elite rocket forces, SS-12 Soviet missiles stationed on among 380,000 Soviet troops Czech territory would be re-

East Germany announced last week that SS-12s had been dismantled, put into crates and were ready for transport back to the Soviet Union.

But it had not announced until Wednesday when the missiles would be transported out of the country.

East German leader Erich Honecker indicated in January that Soviet nuclear missiles in Europe could be removed ahead In 1983, the North Atlantic

Treaty Organisation (NATO) began installing U.S. cruise and Pershing 2 missiles in Western Europe to counteract Soviet missiles pointed at the west.

The Kremin responded by moving some SS-12 missiles from their bases in the Soviet Union to East Germany and Czechoslovakia, to put them within striking range of the West.

Moscow: Pakistan blocking Afghan peace

MOSCOW (R) — Soviet Foreign Ministry spokesman Gennady Gerasimov accused Pakistan Wednesday of obstructing an Afghan peace settlement by supporting a blueprint for a transitional government put forward by the main rebel alliance.

Referring to a comment by Pakistani Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Zain Noorani that Kremlin leader Mikhail Gorbachev's plan for withdrawing Soviet troops from Afghanistan amounted to an ultimatum, Gerasimov told reporters:

"If we really speak of an ultimatum, such an approach is taken by Islamabad with its support for the Peshawar alliance of

Seven Afghan rebel leaders based in Peshawar, Pakistan, announced Tuesday that they would shortly form an interim government allotting a minor role

to supporters of the Soviet-backed administration in Kabul. This transitional government should sign any United Nations-

negotiated peace settlement rather than the administration of Afghan President Najibullah, A Pakistani Foreign Ministry

spokesman described the rebel announcement as a positive step. Gerasimov said the transitional government could oot be

accepted as the legitimate representative of the Afghans. "It is an attempt to torpedo the process of national reconciliation. undermine the Geneva talks and

frustrate the attainment of final agreements there," he aid. Armacost in Pakistan

A senior U.S. envoy briefed Pakistani officials Wednesday of Afghan peace talks but Pakistan and the Afghan rebels differed with the United States on the terms of a peace settlement. Under-secretary of State Michael Armacost told reporters on arrival he would brief Pakistani leaders on this week's U.S.-Soviet talks in Moscow oo the

Afghan conflict. He arrived shortly after the rebel alliance announced its blueprint for a transitional gov-

The Soviet Union and Kabul have refused to discuss the matter, saying it is for Afghans alone

to decide. U.N.-spoosored peace talks between Pakistan and Afghanistan are due to resume m Geneva

March 2. The United States too has now come out in favour of signing an accord at the U.N.-sponsored Geneva talks. A U.S. official said

Tnesday that Washington opposed Pakistan's stance.

Amal reportedly knows Higgins whereabouts

BEIRUT (R) — Lebanon's Shi'ite Muslim Amal militia knows who is holding U.S. hostage William Higgins and where the kidnappers are, but does not want to use force to free him, Muslim political sources said Wednesday.

that kidnapped the American and where the kidnappers are hut is hesitant to use force to free him because it does not want to start an inter-Shi'ite feud or to go into battle with Iran's allies," said one

'Amal has all the information but the decision to use force is a political and not a security one, another source said.

Amal refused to identify who was behind the abduction.

"Amal knows exactly the party at kidnapped the American and sion Organisation (UNTSO), was kidnapped by three bearded gunmen on Feb. 17 near the port city

> Amal military official in Tyre, Daoud Daoud, said the militia the same day had arrested two men who took part in the kidnapping and a third carrying a message to Higgins's captors to move him from Sonth Lebanon, where he was abducted, to Beirut.

A Muslim security source told Higgins, head of the Lehanon Reuters the message was sent by UNIFIL troops in the hunt for

a pro-Iranian clergyman in Beirut but refused to name him.

U.N. Undersecretary-General Marrack Goulding arrived at the U.N. headquarters in the southern town of Nagoura Wednesday for talks on efforts to release Higgins, said U.N. spokesman Timur Goksel.

He told Reuters that Goulding. who arrived from Cairo, was holding talks with U.N. officers to obtain information on the latest efforts to release Higgins." Goksel, spokesman for the U.N. Interim Force in Lebanon

(UNIFIL), said Amal told UNI-FIL of the arrest of the three but the U.N. did not ask to see the detainees "because they are in an area outside U.N. operations." Amal militiamen have joined

the 43-year-old Higgins and Daoud said the Shi ite militia was trying to find the leader of the kidnappers.

"There are strong beliefs the leader has escaped to Beirut,' one security source said.

An Amal source in Tyre said the militia had positive signs Higgins could be freed.

Higgios's kidoapping has brought into the open an old feud between Amal and the pro-Iranian Hizboilah (Party of God). Hizbollah denies reports it

holds some of the 28 foreigners missing, believed kidnapped in However it defended demands

hy the "Organisation of the Oppressed of the World" which said it was holding Higgins and accused him of being a spy.

The group demanded the release of Palestinians and Labrages held by Israel and Lehanese held hy Israel, an Israeli withdrawal from South Lebanon and an end to what it termed American interference in

U.S. judge rejects confession of alleged hijacker

WASHINGTON (R) --- A federal judge threw out the confession of an accused Lebanese hijacker Tuesday, ruling that FBI agents acted improperly during his fourday interrogation in the dropped.

U.S. District Judge Barrington Parker dealt a major setback to the government's case against Fawaz Younis, the accused mastermind of the 1985 hijacking of a

UNITED NATIONS (AP) — The General Assembly will con-

vene Monday to consider the

dispute between the United

States and the United Nations

over the fate of the Palestine

Liberation Organisation (PLO) mission, U.N. officials said

The U.S. Congress has passed a law ordering the observer mis-sion closed by March 22, despite

a 1947 treaty in which the United

States agreed to let official U.N. delegations function.

Tuesday.

U.N. discusses PLO

mission closure Monday

Although Parker threw out the confession, he said the conduct by the FBI agents was not so outrageous as to require that all the charges against Younis be

Justice Department officials said after the ruling they planned to proceed with the case. Younis is set to go on trial on March 22 on charges that include air piracy, hostage-taking and conspiracy.

"The legislation is really an

State Department and U.N.

mission would violate the treaty

Younis, the first Middle East suspect to he apprehended abroad and brought to the United States for trial in a terrorism case, has pleaded innocent. The charges carry a maximum penalty of life in prison.

Younis, a memher of the Lehanese Amal militia, and four alleged co-conspirators are charged with hijacking the Jorda-nian plane on June 11, 1985, as it left Beirut for Amman carrying

more than 60 passengers, including three Americans.
No one was killed during the

28-hour ordeal, hut Jordanian skymarshals ahoard the plane

The hijackers took the plane on an odyssey round the Mediterranean and then hlew it up in a hail of gunfire after the passengers and crew were released at the Beirut airport.

Witness: Mediator may have helped in Beirut abduction

DUESSELDORF. West Germany (AP) - A witness testified assault on the independence of at the trial of accused kidnapper the United Natious and on its Abbas Hamadi Wednesday that integrity," said former U.S. Attorney General Ramsey Clark, she suspected a Lehanese mediator for the West German who has been providing legal advice to the PLO. government may have been involved in the abduction of two West Germans. officials have also said closing the

Ronnie Andrea Klein, the for-mer girlfriend of Lehanese under which the United States businessman Rashid Mahroum. became U.N. headquarters. said she had "a feeling from the start that he (Mahroum) might he But Attorney General Edwin Meese III reportedly has said he inteods to enforce the measure. involved in the kidnappings."

Mahroum has repeatedly de-nied having any connection to the January 1987 kidnappings. He hved in West Germany for several years, but returned to Lebanon

> Ms. Klein also said that if Mahroum were involved, it would only have been for money.

The West German government arranged for Mahroum to act as a middleman with the captors of Rudolf Cordes and Alfred Schmidt after they were kidnapped in January 1987 in: Beirut.

War risks recede in Kuwait

KUWAIT (Agencies) — Kuwait celebrates 27 years of independence Thursday amid a rare winter quiet on the nearby Iran-Iraq

Diplomats and officials say the small and vulnerable emirate has found comfort in the foreign nav-al presence in the Gulf, diminished attacks on its shipping this year and Iran's apparent decision to call off a winter offensive this

"The heat is off, at least for the moment. Kuwait is hreathing easier now than it has for some time," said a senior Western diolomat.

Kuwait, which backs Iraq in the conflict, asked big power warships last year to protect its tankers in the Gulf from Iranian attack. It put 11 of its tankers under the American flag and three under British colours.

The proliferation of warships from seven countries that resulted has contained, hut not eliminated, hit-and-run strikes by Iranian gunboats.

Shipping sources say that of 13 Iranian attacks on nentral shipping this year, only two hit ships bound to or from Kuwait. By contrast, one-third of Iran's

31 attacks on Gulf shipping in the last quarter of 1987 were Kuwait linked. No Kuwaiti-owned vessel has heen attacked since November.

Silkworm missile attacks. hlamed on Iran, from Iraq's occu-pied Fao peninsula 80 kilometres away stopped early last December when one hit a decoy barge off the Kuwaiti coast.

Knwaiti officials express confi-

dence that Iran will not make significant gains in the ground war this year. In previous winters, Iranian troops attacked towards Iraq's second city of Basra. near the Kuwaiti border.

A recurring fear in Knwait whose army numbers only 12,000 men, is that superior Iranian troops might cross over its northern desert to attack Basra from the West. This threat has become more remote, officials and diplo-

But the diplomats cautiooed that Kuwait remains threatened hy an overspill of the war as long as the conflict continues.

FOR THE TRAVELLER

Israeli soldiers break into homes and snatch victims to bury alive

took him to the Mediterranean beach near here, beat him and buried him in the sand, they told him: "Don't think you are going

to return alive." The 18-year-old youth and a Gaza lawyer want to take the army to court over the brutality Massoud says was inflicted on him, the second such incident reported this month.

The Israeli army says it is investigating both.

"They took me to the beach" about two kilometres away, he said. "They attached me to a jeep and dragged me behind it through the sand and the water."

Massoud said he saw another youth on the beach, whom he identified as Saleh Hamad, receiving the same treatment.

"They put sand in my mouth and covered me with sand, then they covered me up, using their

The youth said he did not knowhow deeply he was buried, but that the weight on his chest was very heavy and he lost conscious-

"The next thing I remember, I was in the hospital." Lying under a hlanket on a thin

numerous houses in the same mattress spread out on the floor

Israeli soldiers burst into his for teen-aged boys, she said, but home at 4 a.m. Feb. 14 for reasons not entirely clear to him.

"They used ladders to climb over the wall" into the tiny courtyard in front of the house, said

As family members and neighbours began to gather in the small room, he said: "I was sleeping, here, like this. I suddenly saw soldiers. They shined a strong light in my face. They started to beat me with sticks.

The youth said the soldiers put chain around his neck to raise him to his feet, beat him to the ground and used the chain to

raise him again.
Aisha Ali Massoud, 40, mother of Adel and nine other children, interrupted to say the soldiers also entered her room. About 15 entered the one-storey house, she

According to the mother, soldiers also grabbed her 10-year-old son Sami, and one stuck a gun in his mouth.

"I grabbed for him, and they hit me here," she said, pointing to a fading mark on her forehead. She said neighbours told her later that the soldiers raided

KHAN YUNIS, Occupied Gaza of this spare home in the Khan neighbourhood, a maze of wind-strip (AP) — Adel Ali Massoud said Tuesday that when soldiers Palestioian recounted how homes houses. They were looking Adel was the only one in the

Families living near the beach rescued Massoud after soldiers buried him io the sand and left.

"Of course I'm angry," he said. "This is oo way to treat people. They told me on the road, on the way to the beach, 'don't think you are going to return alive'."
On Feb. 5, soldiers grabbed four Palestinian youths and covered them up with a bulldozer in the village of Kfar Salem, near Nablus, 65 kilometres north of Jerusalem. The army detained

investigation is still pending. Pressing charges

two soldiers in the case, but the

Massoud has signed a sworn affidavit before the Lawyers Association of Gaza.

Gaza Attorney Mohammad Abu Shaaban wants to press the case in the supreme court in Jerusalem.

"I think we will have some problems because he and his family will be afraid," Shaaban said. "The military police have threatened people in other

U.S. firm offered Peres deal for promise not to attack oil pipeline

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — The Bechtel Corp. offered in 1985 to sell Israel oil at reduced rates for 10 years in return for a pledge not to attack a planned Iraqi pipeline, a senior Foreign Ministry official revealed Wednesday.

The offer, made to then-Prime Minister Shimon Peres, would have resulted in an annual savings of \$65 to \$70 million.

But Peres did not take it seriously and never raised the issue with other government ministers, the official told the Associated Press.

"This is a man who sees 10 people every day. Thirty per cent of them come with crazy ideas;" memo has become the focal point the official said oo condition of of a criminal investigation into

anonymity. "He just says 'Yes, Yes. We'll think about it.' That's how things work in Israel." Peres, now Israel's foreign

minister, headed the government when Attorney General Edwin Meese III received a memo from a close friend, E. Robert Wallach, referring to Israel's commitment not to bomh a proposed \$1 billion Iraqi oil pipeline.

In return, according to the Wallach memo, a portioo of the money from the project was to befunnelled to the Labour Party.

The pipeline, which would have run from Iraq through Jordan, was never built. But the memo has become the focal point? whether Meese knew of a possibly improper payment. Peres has denied any wrongdoing.

The offer for the oil discount

was relayed to Peres by Israeliborn Swiss oilman Bruce Rappaport, a partner in the proposed pipeline and a longtime Peres friend, the Foreign Ministry offi-

"Peres didn't take the offer seriously. For him, the most important thing was to have an Iraqi oil port near Israel's border," the official said. "The thinking was that this would put Iraq in a position where it would not be able to wage war with Israel, out of concern for its pipeline.

TV & RADIO

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 775111-19 PROGRAMME ONE

| 15:30 Koran | 15:30 Koran | 15:50 Programme Review | 15:5S Children programmes | 16:0S Mop and Smiff | 16:20 Children's programmes | 17:15 Wonderful World of Magic French teaching programme Men and Machine He's the Mayor Health and Life (local) World News Reports
Programme review
News in Arabic

Varieties programme 23:00 News summary in Arabic 23:10 Closed down Rue Carnot . News in French French Varieties

News in Hebrew .. Kate and Allie Rags to Riches 22:00 News in English
22:29 Feature film: "Into the Night"
— Vera Miles, Irene Papas, Jeff

RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM & partly on 9560 KHz, SW Tel: 774111-19

10:00	News Summary
:0:C5	Morning Show Courd.
11:00	Country Music
11:30	Hitsville: The story of Motown
12:00	News Summary
12:05	Now Music
13:00	News Summary
13:05	
14:20	News Bulletin
14:10	Instrumentals
4:30	My Music
15:C2	Concert Hour
16:13	News Summary
16:05	Instrumentais
16:33	Old Favourites
17:00	Hitsville: The story of Motown
17:30	Pop Session
	NC
15:C0	News Summary
18:05	Our Murual Friend
15:70	Music

Light Music
Newsdesk
Morning Show

	Morning Suow Conta.
:1:00	Country Music
11:39	Hitsville: The story of Motown
12:00	News Summary
12-05	Now Music
13:00	Now Music News Summary
13:05	Con Coming
	Pop Session
14:20	News Bulletin
14:10	Instrumentals
4:30	My Music
15:C2	
10:13	Concert from
	News Summary
16:05	Instrumentals
16:38	Old Favourites
17:00	Hitsville: The story of Motown
	MILSTILE: THE STORY OF MOTOWIL
17:50	Pop Session
15:CO	News Summary
18:05	Our Mutual Friend
	Music
· Jan	Music
EO	D ED (D 4.37

Date with a Star
Evening Show
News Summary
Evening Show Contd.
News Summary
Evening Show Contd.
News Summary Evening Show Contd.
News Headlines Close Down **BBC WORLD SERVICE** 639, 720, 1323 KHz

639, 720, 1323 KHz

66:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Classical Record Review 06:45 Reflections 06:50 Financial News 07:60 World News 07:69 24 Hours: News Summary 07:30 Peebles' Choice 07:45 The World Today 06:60 Newsdesk 08:30 Time for Verse 08:40 The Farming World 09:00 World News 09:09 24 Hours: News Summary 09:30 Juke Box Dury 09:45 Network UK 10:00 World News 10:09 Reflections 10:15 Country Style 10:30 John Peel 11:00 World News 11:09 British Press Review 11:15 The World Today 11:30 Financial News; Sports Roundup 11:45 The Story of English 12:00 News Summary; Assignment 12:30 Two Cheers for February 13:00 World News 13:69 News About Britain 13:15 New Ideas 13:25 A Letter from England 13:30 Chizens 14:00 Radio Newsreel 14:15 Multitrack 2 14:45 Sports Round-up 15:00 World News 15:09 24 Hours: News Summary 15:30 Network UK 15:45 Stuart Colman's Record Hop 16:60 Outlook: 5-Minute News 16:48 Write On... 17:00 Radio Newsreel 17:15 The Pleasure's Yours 18:00 World News 18:09 Commentary 18:15 Assignment 18:45 The World Today 19:00 World News 19:09 A Letter from England 19:15 Citizens 19:45 Sports Roundrup 20:60 Newsdesk 20:30 Discovery 21:60 Outlook; News Sum-VOICE OF AMERICA

VOICE OF AMERICA MW 1260 & SW 7200, 9565, 11740, 11925 and 15210 Hz

06:00 News 06:10 Newsline 06:30 VOA Morning 07:00 News 07:10 Newsline 07:30 VOA Morning 08:00 News 08:10 Newsline 08:30 VOA Morning 17:00 News 17:10 Newsline 17:30 Music USA 18:00 News 18:10 Focus 18:30 Special English News & Features 19:00 News 19:10 Newsline 19:30 Magazine Show 20:00 News 20:10 Focus 20:30 Special English News & Features 21:00 Special English News & Features 21:00 Show Zecos rews Zecie rocas Zecie Special English News & Features 21:00 News 21:10 Newstine 21:30 Music USA 22:00 News & Editorial 22:15 Music USA Jazz 23:00 News 23:10

..... Arabic Series

EXHIBITIONS

* Art exhibition about the works of German artist Horst Janssen at the Petra Bank Gallery in Wadi Saqra

☆ Art exhibition by Mohammad Kes-wani at the Housing Bank Gallery. * A photo exhibition about architecture in Spain at the Spanish Cultural Centre (Feb. 22 to March 3). ☆ An art exhibition by Mohammad Al

Jaious at the Alia Art Gallery (until ☆ An exhibition of prints by Rima Farah at the Gallery of the Jordan Intercontinental Hotel (until Feb. 29).

→ An exhibition to commemorate German composers Heinrich Schutz and Johann Bach at Yarmouk University (until March 3).

FRENCH FILM FESTIVAL

☆ Tonight's film "Quatre Aventures de Reinette et Mirabelle" at 8:00 p.m. at the Royal Cultural Centre (until

FILMS

Absence of Malice" at 7:00 p.m. Thursday at the American Cent ★ "Effi Briest" at 8:00 p.m. Thursday
at the Evangelical Lutheran commun-

BRITISH HIGHER **EDUCATION WEEK**

.... Pop Talk Pop Talk ... Jazz Hour

Today Feb. 25 is the open day of the British Higher Education Week at 8:00 p.m. at the British Council.

Martyrs' Memorial (Military Museum): Collection of military memorabilis dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9.00 a.m.-4.00 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240.

SERVICE CLUBS

WHAT'S GOING ON

The Amman Lions Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Regency Palace Hotel, 7:30 p.m. Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Amman Heet 7:20 are ery second and tourn wemicany at the Anmoon Hotel, 7:30 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn, 1:30 p.m. Rotary Club. Meetings every Taesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m. Royal Automobile Club. Jabal Am-man, Eighth Circle. Tel. 816534, 817534.

CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, Tel. 624590. Church of the Ammunication (Roman Catholie) Jabal Luweibdeh, Tel. 637440 63/440.
De la Safle Church (Roman Catholic)
Jabal Hussein, Tel. 661/57.
Terrasanta Church (Roman Catholic),
Jabal Luweibdeh, mass in Italian lan-Jaour Linveinden, mass m Italian lan-guage, meet every Saturday at \$.30 p.m. Tel: 622366 Cluurch of the Amaunclation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali, Tel. 623541. Anglican Church (Church of the Re-deemer) Jabal Amman, Tel. 625383, chaplain's residence tel. 601359. Arabenian Catholic Church Ashrafieh, Tel. 771331.

Armentan Orthodox Church Ashra-fieh, Tel. 775261. St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Ortho-dox) Ashrafieh, Tel. 771751. Amman International Church (Inter-denominational): meets at Southern denominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, Tel. 67/339.

Evangelical Latheran Church (Church of the Good Shepherd) Amasan, Arabic Service: Sunday 7 p.m. Rev. N. Smir, tel. 811295. Good Shepherd's Church) Interdenominational commenical English Service: Saturday 6:30 p.m. rel. 822605, Rev. Veli.
The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints (Mormon) Tel. 815817, 821264.

INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information depart-ment at the Queen Alia International Aipport Tel. (08) 53200-5, where it

QUEEN ALIA

ARRIVALS ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1)

Dhahran RJ Doha, Bahrain (R)
Doha, Bahrain (R)
Dubai, Abu Dhabi (R)
New York, Vienna (R) 18:15

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2) Cairo (MS)

Abu Dhabi, Bahrain (GF)

Kirwait (KU)

Istanbul, Ankara (TK) Cairo (MS) Frankfort (LH)

DEPARTURES ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1) Knala Lumpur, Singapor Bangko

Frankfurt (T.H)

PRAYER TIMES

06:06 11:49 15:01

WEATHER

ulletin supplied by the Department of It will be partly cloudy to cloudy with scattered showers in the hilly areas. A slight tise in temperature is expected during the day. In Aqaba, there will be freshening variable winds

Min./max. temp. 0 / 10 5 / 18 -1 / 12 4 / 17 Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 5.3, Aqaba 17.2. Humidity readings: Amman 89 per cent, Aqaba 32

ba (AJ)	MUNEY EXCHANG	E
est R		
as RI	Walandan a	
ne RJ	Wednesday r	ALC:
on RJ	Local sell/buy rates in	fil
is RJ	Relgian frame Q5 &/	
at R	Dutch guilder 177.6/	180
at RJ	Dutch guilder 177.6/ French franc 58.9/ Italian lira 27.1/	59
BIRI!	Italian lira 27.1/	2
bilRi	Japanese yen (for 100) 261.6/ Swedish crown 56.1/	266
ro (RJ)	Swedish crown 56.1/	
ta Ri	Swiss franc 242_3/	246
ad RJ	U.K. sterling pound 594.8/	600
re RI	U.S. dollar 337.5/	347
k(R)		200

Sports Roundup 01:00 World News; Commentary 01:15 From the Weeklies 01:30 Multitrack 3 INTERNATIONAL **AIRPORT**

Aqaba (RJ)
Abu Dhabi (RJ)
Kuwait (RJ)
Cairo (RJ)

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS. NIGHT DUTY

HOSPITALS

Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn ... 64281/6 Akileh Maternity, J. Amn ... 642441/2 Jabal Amman Maternity 647262 Malhas. J. A. Jabal Amman Maternity ...
Malhas, J. Amman
Palestine, Shmeisani
Shmeisani Hospital
University Hospital
University Hospital
The Islamic, Abdali
Al-Ahli, Abdali
Italian, Al-Mahajreen
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich
Army, Marka
Queen Alia Hospital
Amal Hospital 664171/4 6672Z7/9 666127/37 664164/6 777101/3

AMMAN: Dr. Majed Abu Sneini Dr. Bahjat Bader Dr. Mahmoud Allan Naji Tayyem Firas pharmacy
Ferdows pharmacy
Al Asema pharmacy
Nairoukh pharmacy
Al Salam sharmacy 661912 778336 637055 623672 636730 644945 637660 Yacoub pharmacy'.. Shincisani pharmacy TAXIS: Al Wahida taxi Khaldoun taxi Bassam taxi

Ahli taxi Heyam taxi Balasemah taxi

854120 773034 896740 Dr. Issam Al Salch 274722 ZARQA: Dr. Akram Haddad Khalifeh pharmacy GENERAL

817411

Jordan Television
Radio Jordan
Ministry of Tourism
Hotel complaints
Price complaints
Telephone Information
Jordan and Middle East calls
Overseas calls 642311 666412 661176

MARKET PRICES

.. 674155

Upperflower price in fils per ke ple (French) 420 / 360 ple (green) 470 / 400 sana 350 / 300 sana (Mukammar) 300 / 240 ms (broad) 400 / 300 sbage 150 / 100 rot (pellow) 250 / 200 ort (yellow) 250 / 200 difficower (white) 220 / 160 ambers 220 / 260 plant (large) 120 / 30 fit: 180 / 140	Grapefruit Lenon Mandarin Marrow Onion (green) Onion (dry) Oranges (Abu surra) Oranges (Shammouri) Pepper (hot) Pepper (sweer) Potato Raddish Spinsch Tomatoes Turnip	150 / 340 / 300 / 140 / 210 / 350 / 360 / 150 / 150 / 150 /	1221133431111
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11:00 ... Amsterdam, New York (k.f.) 11:45 Vienna, Chicago, Los Angeles (L.) 12:15 Frankfurt, Copenhagen (R.f.) ------ Jeddah (RJ) ------ Doha, Bahrain (RJ) Larmaca (RJ) Paris (RJ) . London, Frankfurt (RJ) Istanbul (RJ) 18:15 19:35 19:40 20:00 OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2) 20:15 20:30 15:05 Cauro (MS 16:09 Abu Dhabi, Doba, Lamaca (GF Atheas (OA)
Frankfurt (LH)
London, Cairo (BA) DEPARTURES ROYAL-JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1)

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2) Kuwait (KU) ... Dubai (EK) ... Cairo (MS)

1.482

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19

PROGRAMME ONE Programme Review Rainbow Rite 10:30 Rational Children programme
11:30 Religious series
12:30 Friday's prayer Sport magazine
Art and Crafts . Believe it or Not News reports
...... Viewers' choice (Arabic) 19:20 Local programme
19:50 Programme review
20:00 News in Arabic
20:30 A programme on the West Bank

FOR FRIDAY News summary in Arabic

19:15 International Circus Festival in News in Hebrew Some Mothers Do have Them

Tel: 774111-19

...... Varieties .. Arabic series

PROGRAMME TWO 17:25 "Staccato" (French film) News in French News in Peorew
Varieties
News in Arabic
Growing Pains
Magnum
News in English
Falcon Crest RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM & partly on 9560 KHz, SW

Morning Show
News Summary
Morning Show Contd.
News Summary 11:00 11:05 isteners' Choice . News Summary Listeners' Choice Country Music News Summary 12:30 13:00 13:05 14:00 14:10 16:00 16:05 16:30 17:00 ... In Concert

BBC WORLD SERVICE

639, 720, 1323 KHz 96:00 Newsdesk 86:30 Country Style
96:45 Reflections 96:59 Financial News
97:00 World News 97:89 24 Hours:
News Summary 7:30 A Hobby — or a
Way of Life? 97:45 The World Today
98:00 Newsdesk 98:30 Meridian 99:90
World News 99:39 24 Hours: News
Summary 99:30 Write on... 99:45
Sevea Seas 10:50 World News 10:99
Reflections 18:15 Virtuoso 10:39 Music
Now 11:90 World News 11:99 British
Press Review 11:15 The World Today
11:30 Financial News; Sports Roundup
11:45 I've Been Together Now For 70
Years 12:90 News Summary; Juke Box
Dury 12:15 Seven Seas 12:30 Jazz for
the Asking 13:00 World News 13:09 News About Britain 13:15 Talking From... 13:30 Meridian 14:00 Radio Newsreel 14:15 Business Matters 14:45 Sports Roundup 15:00 World News 15:09 24 Hours: News Summary 15:30

15:09 24 Hours: News Summary 15:39
John Peel 16:00 Outlook; 5-Minnte
News 16:45 Nature Notebook 17:30
Radio Newsred 17:15 Feature Drama
— The Wound Dresser 18:00 World
News 18:09 Commentary 18:15 Science
in Action 18:45 The World Today
19:00 World News 19:09 A Letter from
Northern Ireland 19:15 Music Now
19:45 Sports Roundup 28:00 Newsdesk
28:30 Multitrack 3 21:00 News Summary; Outlook 21:39 Stock Market
Report 21:45 Personal View 22:00
World News 22:09 24 Hours: News
Summary 22:30 Science in Action
23:15 Business Matters 23:45 Augustus
Carp Esq by Himself 24:00 World
News 60:09 The World Today 60:25 A
Letter from Northern Ireland 60:30
Financial News 60:40 Reflections 60:45

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08) 53200-5, where it should always be verified.

ARRIVALS ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1) 09:15 09:30

Arab territory.

were a complete success.

AMMAN (J.T.) — A total of 537

tuberculosis (TB) cases were disc-

overed in Jordan during the past

year of which 226 were reported

in Amman region, according to a report by the Health Ministry.

The report submitted to Minister of Health Zaid Hamzeh during a visit to the "Chest Diseases"

Department said that the 537 cases included 102 discovered

among non-Jordanian workers,

and that vaccination against TB is

being given to Jordanians and

others free of charge to rid the

According to the report, TB

remains at the top of the list of

country of the disease.

Anani back after energy conference in Baghdad

BAGHDAD (Petra) — The Royal Scientific Society (RSS) took part in an international solar energy conference which ended in the Iraqi capital Wednesday.

RSS President Jawad Al Anam, who led the Jordanian delegain, who led the lotterman designa-tion, said that he presented work-ing papers to the conference out-lining the RSS's research programmes in the use of solar energy for domestic and other purposes.

The fuur-day conference grouped scientists from America. Asia and Europe who discussed different aspects of solar energy use and its application, Anam

noted. The conference, he said, underlined the importance of exploiting solar power, and cooperation among Arab countries in promoting its use for different

"Jurdan has already gone a long way in research programmes for the application of solar energy, in power generation, air con-ditioning and heating of water for domestic use," Anani noted.

During the conference, Anani held side meetings with heads of delegations, to explore Jordan's cooperation with their organisations and countries in solar energy fields, and also in the manufacture of building materials.

Anani delivered a speech to the conference calling for more cooperation among world nations in finding alternative sources uf energy, and in the use of solar and other forms of power. He urged the delegations to increase the exchange of their expertise with other countries and share



Jawad Al Anani

According to the RSS chief, the conference discussed 120 re-search works by Arah and foreign scientists and heard 41 lectures dealing with modern technology in the exploitation of solar power and renewable energy.

The biennial meeting, he said, is expected to be held in Amman in two years from now.

U.S. analyst voices reservation over Soviet involvement in Mideast peace

By Jordan Times: Staff Reporters

AMMAN — On the eve of a Middle East tour by U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz, an American political analyst voiced his reservation over a Soviet invulvement in the search fur peace in the region.

Rohert Hunter, frum the Washington-hased Centre for Strategic and International Studies, said he was "very deeply sceptical wbether (Soviet leader Mikhail) Gorhachev wants to play an active role" in the search for a negotiated settlement to the Arab-Israeli conflict.

Speaking Tuesday via satellite link with local journalists, Hunter claimed the Soviets would obstruct peace dialogue in the event of a dual U.S.-Soviet dialogue. "I don't have any objections tu

the Soviets involvement in the Arab-Israeli peace-making. But before that happens 1'd like to have some kind of idea that the Soviets are going to do it because maybe they care about moving towards peace, towards meeting the human needs rather than just getting their foot in the door tir making more mischief," the

American observer said. He called on Moscow to res-. tore diplomatic ties with Israel as a prerequisite to take part in future peace dialogue to solve the Middle East problem.

The Soviet Union severed di-plomatic relations with Israel in the aftermath of the 1967 Arab-Israeli war and made it clear that restoring ties with Tel Aviv is contingent on Israeli troops with-drawal from the occupied Arah

His Majesty King Hussein has called for a Soviet involvement in the proposed international Middle East peace conference as part of the five permanent members of the U.N. Security Council.

Cement leaves for Sudan

AMMAN (J.T.) — A cargo vessel has left Aqaba carrying, 3,150 bound for Sudan. The shipment, in implementa-

Landmark building returns to its former glory

Madi gets award

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein has conferred upon Jurdan's Ambassador to Italy Tareq Madi with the Independ-ence Medal of the First Order.

Bani Hani tours Jordan Valley

KARAK (Petra) — Jordan Val-ley Authority (JVA) Acting Pres-ident Mohammad Bani Hani paid an inspection tour of the southern Jordan Valley region and examined on going process for distributing agricultural units and homes to farmers in Ghor Al Safi and Mazraa.

Bani Hani toured projects being carried out by the JVA in the region, specially those aimed at reclamation of land and the exploitation of aquifers.

He was accompanied on the tour by the district governor of Ghor Al Safi Ahdul Karim Malahmeh and local officials.

Safety committee closes 6 shops

TAFILEH (Petra) — Six different commercial shops were closed and thirteen others were warned hy the Public Safety Committee in the governorate for not complying with the hasic rules of public safety.

Aref Irsheid, mayor of Tafileh

general safety.

During the visit, Masti led Jur-dan's delegation to the Joint Jordanian North Yemeni Higher designed to promote North Yemeni-Jordanian trade and economic cooperation.

Masri returns after signing

minutes of discussions in Sanaa

Nurth Yemen has agreed un Committee meetings which culissuing licences in implementaminated with the signing of mition of a hilateral agreement pronutes on the discussions covering viding for both sides to exchange cooperation in cultural, educatrade worth \$10 million annually, tional, scientific, technical, agriand also agreed on encouraging cultural, touristic, economic and the exchange of goods and com-modities with Jordan giving pre-ferential treatment to trade with Ministry of Industry and Trade Secretary General Mohammad the Kingdom.

Saggaf who accompanied Masri According to Saqqaf, an agree-ment was reached on conducting to the talks said that the meetings The juint committee, he said, joint studies for setting up joint investment projects in North Yepassed several recommendations

infectitus diseases in most world

As to Jordan, the report noted,

public health awareness has

been instrumental in reducing the

annual rate tif TB cases in the

campaign, and the Kingdom's

drive to achieve health care for all

provides a more dramatic space

Inaugurating the gallery's new premises is an exhibition entitled

"Architecture and Urban En-vironment." Prepared by the

Municipality of Paris and held in

co-operation with the French

Cultural Centre, the exhibition

shows via panels of coloured

photographs and drawings, how

the planning policy of the city of

Paris succeeded in combining

modernity and tradition through

the preservation of old huildings

and quarters while giving room to

some exciting and controversial

structures. Opened hy Amman

Mayor Abdul Ra ouf Al Rawab-

deh, the exhibition will continue

until Feh. 18.

for the gallery.'

citizens by the year 2,000.

reported every year.

AMMAN (Petra) — Foreign Minister Taher Al Masri returned to Amman Wednesday at the end of transportation, electricity, agriculture, and construction. his three-day official visit to North Yemen where he

The two sides agreed to offer facilities to each other for the delivered a message to North Yemeni President Ali registration of medicine manufac-tured in either country, giving Abdullah Saleh from His Majesty King Hussein dealing with current Arab affairs, the Middle East preferential treatment to such situation and the Palestinian uprising in the occupied goods traded between them, and also on exchanging expertise in matters related to quality control, and specifications and measures. Saggaf noted.

> Yemeni side asked to be supplied with 500 Jordanian teachers to work in Yemeni schools in the coming 1988-1989 scholastic year increasing this number to 2,000 in the coming three years.
>
> Jordan will also send 60 civil,

electrical and mechanical engineers to North Yemen.

North Yemen has also asked to
be provided with 300 Jordanian

doctors and health technicians. Saggaf noted.

He said Jordan in return will

provide Nurth Yemeni personnel with training in agriculture, antiquities, civil service, social affairs and labour, electricity, health, security, housing and planning

In a separate development in Amman, a training programme on international marketing and promoting exports, in which eight officials from Jordan and North d specifications and measures, quark noted.

He said that in education the emeni side asked to be sumplied.

The processor of current trends in trade cooperation.

The programme which was organised by the Jordanian Management Centre, dealt with the different aspects of trade cooperation and procedures adopted in trade, as well as surveying scientific means of promoting ex-

ports and developing markets.

The participants in the programme went on field trips to some of the local factories which have an exporting capacity to study their status and possibilities for its future development.

Health Ministry reports Hamzeh visits Al Bashir 537 TB cases in 1987

nations, including the Mediterra-nean region, and at least 10 mil-lion cases around the world are AMMAN (Petra) — Health Minister Zaid Hamzeh Wednes-day visited Al Bashir Hospital in Amman and inspected work at its various sections and heard about emergency assistance to cases re-Kingdom from 1.8 per cent in 1982 to a mere 0.9 per cent in 1987, a fact corroborated by the Wurld Health Organisation (WHO), which also praised the Health Ministry's TB eradication sulting from the snow-storm that hit the capital over the past two

Hospital

days.
The minister also inspected cases in which people sustained burns from misuse tif their heaters during the cold front, and met with a number of citizens coming into the emergency section for treatment.

The minister inspected progress of work at the hospital X-ray

The Ministry Secretary-General Dr. Anwar Belbeisi contacted cies coming as a result of the all directors of health depart- current weather conditions.



Zaid Hamzeh

ments and ministry hospitals throughout the country, to ensure the running of medical services at these hospitals.

Dr. Belheisi said that the ministry hospitals have taken all measures to deal with emergen-

Agricultural Department meets success in Ma'an

MAAN (Petra) — The Ministry planted with vines and apple trees to Agriculture has announced the 550 proved successful. success of experiments on growing apple trees and vines in the

southern governorate of Maan.

spokesman here said that out of a

total of 1,710 dunums of land

He said that the soil and the underground water in the Maan An Agriculture Department region were quite useful for growing vines, apples and stone-fruit

Chairman of Soviet Religious Affairs council arrives Friday

AMMAN (Petra) — The chairman of the Soviet Union's Council on Religious Affairs Costantin Kharachev is due in Amman Friday on a five-day visit to Jordan.

Kharachev is expected to hold talks with senior Jordanian officials on means of bolstering bilateral relations in teaching Arabic for Soviet Muslim students and recruiting preachers for mos-ques in the Soviet Union. Also to be discussed is the question of scholarships which

and archaeological sites.

Jordan offers to Soviet students to study religious affairs in the Kharachev and his accompanying delegation will tour Jordan's cultural and Islamic institutions

Music conservatory sponsors violin and piano concert

AMMAN (J.T.) — The National Music Conservatory of the Noor Al Hussein Foundation is sponsoring a concert of music for violin and piano on Monday, Feb. 29, 1988, at the Royal Cultu-

ral Centre (RCC). Kelly Barr, an eighteen-yearold violinist who recently won the Chicago Symphony Competition, and Joseph Holt, a 1984 winner of the Brahms Piano Competititm, will play a programme tof music hy Haydn, Tchaikovsky,

Chopin, Manuel de Falla, Griffes, and Kreisler. Tickets for the 8 p.m. perform-

ance can be purchased at the

Kelly Barr and Joseph Holt will also present special morning con-certs for children at 10:30 Sat. Feh. 27, and Sunday, Feh. 28.

Interested schools may contact the RCC for further details. Tickets for the children's concerts are

Department of Antiquities studies Karak fortress

KARAK (Petra) — The Department of Antiquities is currently involved in a comprehensive study on the Karak Crusaders Fortress prim to carrying out a restoration programme.

Department Director in Karak. Nabil Baga'in said that teams from his tiffice were taking photographs of the areas where restoration work is to be conducted before work can begin.

Omani guides graduate

graduated a batch of Omani tuurist guides and Tourism Minister Zuhair Ajlouni said the government was in the process to expand the institute to make it a regional institution that could

AMMAN (Petra) — The Hotel accommodate mure students Training Institute Wednesday from Arah states. Ajltuni stressed the need for

more cooperation between the Ministry of Tuurism and institutes of higher education in the

tion of a trade agreement signed and president of the committee, by the two countries, raises the tonnes ut Jurdanian cement warned all shop and restaurant total amount of cement sent to owners to abide by the mles of Sudan so far to 9,210 tunnes.

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN. - The Architectural Gallery reopened its doors last week in its new premises, an tild and very beautiful house in Jahal

The house which was built in country's past prime ministers, Tawfiq Abulhuda has been carefully renovated in recent months hy the founder of the gallery,

Akram Abu Hamdan. Although abandoned for many years and left literally to rot by the last two owners, Ahu Hamdan first took an interest in the old house over five years ago, when he approached the previous owner who was only interested in demolishing it and selling the empty plot to a local hank.

Even then, despite its terrible state of disrepair, the building's unusual beauty stood out against the backdrop of downtown Amman. Built on a natural rock podium that is reached by a wide and elegant flight of 28 steps, the house is highly reminiscent of those found in the Eastern Mediterranean coastal regions. lts front facade, in its perfect proportions belongs to what

might be known as regional clas- dressing of the stone, giving subthe tri-arched verandah.

Inside, the typical layout of a Syrian Liwan plan — a central hall tiff which open four square rooms - is stunning. Filled with light from the tall narrow windows which are complemented by slim double leafed doorways, these high ceilinged rooms make for a stimulating and exciting internal space. "I believe it is one of the most beautiful houses in Amman" Abu Hamdan told the Jordan Times, "It is a living testament of the sophistication and ability of the few early active and highly productive craftsmen who came to this country in the 1920's, reinforcing the tradition already established in older Jordanian cities and giving substance to the idea that Jordan does not just have nomadic roots

but strong urban ones too." Who designed the house is not quite clear, but there is some evidence that points to the fact that it was constructed by two different masons. The lower floor is of a different character to the top floor both in the style of the

openings and in the choice and

sicism, its symmetry enhanced by stance to the story that the mason two towering Washingtonias who started building the lower which stand sentinel each side of floor was onable to construct the refined arches and columns of the main floor. The work was finally completed hy Lebanese mason Thiah Abu Hamdan, Akram Abu Hamdan's great uncle, something which certainly added to the Threat of demolition

Until Akram Ahu Hamdan negotiated to lease the house from its present owner, the building had in recent years been under the constant threat of demolition. The only thing preventing its final destruction being the onset of the current economic

"One of the positive aspects of

any economic recession," Ahu Hamdan explained, "is to give people scope to reconcile themselves with the times. During the last building boom, the strong preoccupation with speedy development and progress caused the making of rash and irrational decisions which resulted in the loss of many fine early buildings in the city. Now one looks back and remembers the Bilbaisi Hoose, a beautiful and very early villa that stood next to the Amphitheatre. This was pulled down four years ago, and we ask ourselves why? It has been replaced by nothing and where it once grandly stood is an empty space, a place for dumping rub-bish. Then there was the Frayyeh House. It was pulled down to make a car park, a fate which also hefell the 1brahim Hashem House. On the floral tiles tif a house where some important decisions must have been made concerning the development of the country, people now park their cars. Then there was the Jami'al Talhounie, a small and delightfully proportioned mosque which reminded people of the modest beginnings of this country. Now its just some more shops capped by a make-do mosque."

"It is vital," Abu Hamdan continued, "tu our modern history that structures like these should remain, although not great works of art these buildings witnessed the establishment of this country in its modern form and as such should be preserved for our children. If we continue to knock down these buildings, it will be like crasing a major part of our history only to replace it with something insignificant and built solely for commercial gain. It will be a great loss if 30 years from now our grandchildren have only



The front facade of the Abulbuda House seen after the renovation

mind them of their heritage."

Against all odds

Ahu Hamdan took the house over in August of last year and in the following months has restored it to something of its original glory. Always keeping the sense of the period in mind he retiled some of the floors, painted the walls and replaced fixtures and fittings just as they would have been often sifting through old stock in various stores to find what he needed. The time, thought and care gone into the renovation is apparent in the end

As well as the gallery the huilding is also houses the architectu-

ral practice of Akram Ahu Hamdan Associates. By moving his practice from the prestigious location of the Rivadh Centre a mirror glass curtain wall huilding off the Third Circle - to an older property Abu Hamdan is going in the opposite direction of the current trend of businesses to

ing problems and other inconveniences, we have moved hack downtown, leaving behind more commercially attractive and easily accessible office premises. We had had enough of false ceilings and controlled environments and wanted to be in a much more stimulating working space. It also

get away from downtown. "Against all odds," Ahu Ham-dan said, "and despite the park-



shiny aluminium facades to re- Architectural Gallery, Abulhuda House seen before the renovation in August 1987

Agricultural Gallery, Abulhoda House seen after the renovation in

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Looking beyond Shultz' visit

WHILE much of the focus of interest in the Arab World in the Mideast trip of U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz has examined possible new American attitudes to peace-making, we feel that a more likely opportunity for change may lie within the Israeli political structure. The American position, however good or bad we may judge it to be, will almost invariably reflect an American power structure and national decision-making process that gets its impulses more from Israel than from the Arab World. The slight but real change that has been registered in the American position, particularly about the international conference proposal, has come in the wake of a combination of Arab persistence and an increasing willingness by Israeli leaders of the Labour-leftist persuasion to consider the proposal.

There is some political ferment taking place within Israel, characterised by a real debate about how Israel should deal with the current Palestinian uprising, and how Israel should envisage the ultimate political status of the Palestinians and their land. Mr. Shultz' visit, in itself, is not the key factor to ponder today; the key factor is how far his trip and his ideas are symptomatic of a changed political atmosphere in the United States and in Israel. There is debate in Israel about the possibility of withdrawal from the occupied territories and about how to engage the Palestinians and the concerned Arab states in a meaningful negotiation. It is in our interest to promote this debate, and to make it more clear to reasonable Israelis that negotiations can indeed lead to the twin aims of Israeli security and Arab national rights. Both the Labour and Likud factions of the Israeli government have suggested the break-up of the coalition in order to decide on the future path of peace-making. It would be useful to find out if a majority of Israelis have learned from the Palestinian uprising that Israeli-Palestinian peace and justice can be achieved through genuine negotiations, based on the premise that both people have identical national rights. An election in Israel is one way to find out - assuming that the Labour-leftist end of the political spectrum in Israel would make this a major issue of the campaign. The facts, to date, do not suggest that this is likely to happen, as the Labour camp has traditionally shied away from taking this big issue directly to the voters in Israel. The Arabs can and should help this process along.

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: Jordan welcomes peace efforts

JORDAN has always welcomed efforts, by any party, in search for a comprehensive settlement to the Arab-Israeli conflict, a settlement that must be based on granting the Palestinian people their national rights including the right to self-determination. It is an established fact that the Middle East conflict was triggered by the Israeli invasion of the Arab land and will continue so long as the Israelis maintain their occupational policies. Based on this position, Jordan will deal with U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz in his current tour of the region and with ideas and proposals he is carrying, ideas that are essential to reactivate the stalemated peace process in the Middle East. Jordan and the rest of Arah countries have already made up their stand vis-a-vis the American new proposals. Their position has remained that all political efforts which do not boil down to convening an international Middle East peace process will reach a fiasco, as did other previous efforts. Amman's welcome of Shultz's visit reflects the Kingdom's confidence that the U.S. could play an essential role in the search for peace in the region should it bear its responsibility as a superpower and should it agree that the basis for peace should be based on international legitimacy.

Al Dustour: Arabs to adopt joint stand

ON the eve of a visit to the Middle East by U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz, the Arab countries bave adopted a joint stand which reflects the Arab Nation's views about the Middle East question and an end to the Arab-Israeli conflict. The Arabs are in total agreement that a U.N.-sponsored international conference should be held and that all concerned parties and the U.N. Security Council members should be involved in such a conference for the sake of achieving a lasting peace in the area. The Arabs are serious and determined to achieve a durable and comprehensive peace; that means that they refuse any partial solutions or autonomy rule as advocated by Israel and provided for by the Camp David accords. The Arabs are agreed on the question of swapping land for peace within the context of Security Council Resolution 242 which can guarantee a total Israeli withdrawal from Arah land occupied since 1967. Had the Arabs not convened their summit meeting last November, they would not have arrived at this concerted stand and a total consensus and agreement

Sawt Al Shaab: New ideas needed

AMMAN, which hosted the November Arab summit and adhered to its historical resolutions, believes that the success of any peace efforts in the region should be based on a genuine desire to convene an international peace conference under the auspices of the United Nations. Such a conference should be attended by the five permanent members of the U.N. Security Council and all parties involved in the Arab-Israeli conflict. Against this backdrop of political realities, the United States current peace proposal, commendable as it is by the international community including the Soviet Union, should carry to the region new ideas based on the new circumstances in the region. The path to peace, as viewed by the Amman Arab summit, should pass through an international conference. This line was echoed many times by Egypt and recently its foreign minister reiterated that Cairo remained "opposed to any new proposals based on the Camp David treaties." Jordan, for its part, welcomes Shultz's current tour of the Middle East in order to make various standpoints to interact positively towards peace. Observers' belief that the U.S. secretary of state's mission is a very difficult one and will further remain so as long as the American administration's regional perspective remained biased to the israeli side.

Minimum wage revisited

Bỳ Nayef S. Zubi

THE FOLKLORE about the economic profession suggests that economists do not agree on anything. This is obviously a misconception. The apparent disagreement among economists only reflects the intricate nature of economic problems, and the difficulty of putting one's economic propositions into a final test, in a controlled experiment setting. The notion that economics is not an exact science the way physics is arises from the latter difficulty.

One area where a broad agreement among economists exists relates to the economic consequences of enacting minimum wage laws, or in general the impact of wage and price controls. Economists agree that the government should be out of the business of setting wages and prices. Prices and wages should be settled in the marketplace.

The recent article of Dr. Fahd Fanek (Jordan Times, Dec. 20, 1987) on minimum wage is important in two respects. One, it contains a sensible economic analysis, and shows that good economists — the rarest among birds as Keynes once noted — need not ride the tide of cheap popularity at the expense of their fundamental beliefs. Another, it proves, as my subsequent remarks will indicate, that agreement among economists does exist.

My general inclination to oppose the expansion of the functions of existing government agencies, or creating new agencies, arise from that the end result will be expanding an existing bureaucracy, and not expanding economic opportunities. The creation of new government offices to oversee the wage and price controls is no exception. Also, to circumvent new laws and regulations, legions of accountants and lawyers will be needed. The end beneficiaries will be those lawyers and accountants. The history of wage and price control starting from the Roman emperor Diocletian and ending with President Nixon's 1971 episode is dismal. Proponents of such policies do not have much to show or tell in a positive sense. It would be a sheer fantasy to believe that enacting minimum wage laws or re-activating one that already exists would solve the unemployment problem. Putting on hold the very purpose of a price — wage is a price of a labour service — that is providing informational efficiency required for proper allocation of resources, and for proper distribution of income, is counterproductive. It is a recipe for waste. Whenever the powers of the price and wage determination are transferred to the government from their natural determinants - the markets - the potential for abuse is unlimited. The threat to individual liberty regardless of all tears shedding on the lot of those unfortunate among us will materialise. Enacting minimum wage laws is a glaring example of a legislation without

It is not difficult to understand that the demand for labour services is less the higher is the price, assuming that the minimum wage is erring on the upper side of the wage range, which I suppose to be the rationale of those crying for its enactment. The long-term effects will be less employment of those labour categories, the law is enacted to help. It is only logical to expect that firms will substitute inferior but relatively cheaper goods and services in place of high priced ones. Firms will at the enacted minimum wage employ relatively more skilled labour. Deserving workers will be promoted out of lower-paying job categories into higher paying ones to avoid wage controls. The shift from labour to other non-labour substi-

tutes could be triggered at some levels of enacted wages.

A teenager with little or no training at all, ill-prepared for his or her first job, will be the victim of the minimum wage law. People with no prerequisite skills usually have their first training on their first job. Their services are simply not worth much. They are not Harvard MBA's. The minimum wage law will only single them out from getting their first job. Once they are unemployed for a while, they become unemployable. Once they are unemployable, they develop hostile attitudes that are hard to change.

The minimum wage law in effect requires that a teenager whose

services are valued at say ID 100 per month, to remain unemployed

at unattainable wage of say ID 150 per month, rather than being employed at JD 100—the right price for his services. In effect, the law also asks firms to give away a charity of JD 50 per month to employ that person. Business cannot survive if they base their decisions on charity. They do if their decisions are guided by profit motives. They can survive if they are cost effective.

In the United States, unemployment is hitting the hardest those the minimum wage laws were enacted to help: Minorities, disadvantaged and teenagers. In fact, the law deserves to be called "The Black Teenager Unemployment Act." The minimum wage level has been on the rise in the U.S., and so has been the unemployment level among the low-skilled, especially the black teenagers. At the close of the World War II the minimum wage was 40 cents per hour. It increased to 75 cents per hour and \$1.00 per hour in 1950, and 1959, respectively. In the late 1970's it reached \$2.9 per hour, and now it is \$3.35 per hour. The teenage unemployment rate, while 10 per cent in the 1950's, is now well above 30 per cent. Plotting the unemployment levels with minimum wage levels brings home the disturbing facts about minimum wage laws. It is a discrimination law against low-skilled workers regardless of all good intentions.

One might have a difficult time determining the most relevant price to him. His own wage rate, let alone determining the price of a wide range of goods and services. But, that later determination is what we are asking government agencies to produce. We already have controls that we do not know what to do about. Less controls is what we need. As President Woodrow Wilson once noted, "bberty has never come from the government. The history of bberty is the history of the limitations of government power, not the increase of it." Dr. Fanek's advice to the government to refrain from enacting minimum wage laws is a judicious call for economic liberty. It definitely has my support.

U.S. primary objective in Mideast region: Support friendly states to counter Soviet 'threat'

Following are excerpts from U.S. Secretary of Defence Frank Carlucci's description of his country's defence strategy for the Middle East and Southwest Asia regions submitted to the Congress February 18 by the Defence Department.

The Middle East/Southwest Asia Balance

THE oil wealth of the Middle East/Southwest Asia region, its political instability, and its proximity to the Soviet Union make it a target of Soviet aggression — both ongoing (as in Afghanistan) and potential. Additionally, Iranian terrorism, Tehran's indiscriminatemining of the Gulf and its approaches, and continued Iranian attacks on non-belligerent shipping in the Gulf also represent threats to U.S. interests. Our primary objective is to support the independence of friendly states in the region by assisting their military forces and developing capabilities of our own that would make any Soviet aggression costly, tisky, and unsuccessful. The Soviets maintain significant ground and tactical air forces in their military districts contiguous to the region and are actively enhancmg support bases for their naval presence in the Indian Ocean. Soviet forces occupying Afghanistan are continuing their efforts to subjugate the Afghan people. At the same time, they represent over 115,000 combat-ready troops forward-deployed in Southwest

The Soviet Union's proximity to the Gulf region provides it with a significant military advantage, although it is somewhat offset by the determination of the region's states to maintain their independence as well as by the region's extremely difficult terrain. The Soviets would have to sustain long lines of communication in attempting to seize the Gulf's oil-producing facilities. These communication lines would be vulnerable to air and unconventional ground interdiction; in addition, they would require a large occupying force to ensure local security.

As in the East Asian theatre, local military balances play an important role in arriving at an overall regional assessment. In the Iran-Iraq war, the Iranian manpower advantage continues to offset Iraqi predominance in force structure, most particularly in armour and tactical air weapons systems. The result has been a stalemate reminiscent of the Western Front in World War I, in which neither side has been able to gain the upper hand.

With Soviet assistance, Syria is continuing to npgrade its military forces with Soviet-supplied fourth-generation fighter aircraft and other advanced weapons systems. Syria's recognition of its disastrous economic situation, however, has forced a consolidation of ground force units and has resulted in an overall decreased military threat to Israel. The Israeli military modernisation programme is also facing barsh fiscal realities, however, requiring Israel to make difficult decisions regarding development and purchase of new weapons systems, as in the case of the recently cancelled Lavi tactical fighter. At present, Israel maintains clear advantages in readiness, command and control, and tactical air operations that should provide for its continued security.

India, China and Pakistan are the major military powers in South Asia, and open conflict between India and Pakistan as a result of long-standing differences is always a possibility. India has force structure advantages over Pakistan, and both countries continue modernising their military forces. India has successfully tested a nuclear device, and Pakistan may be developing the ability to do so.

The military balance between India and the Peoples Republic of China (PRC), in which India's advantage in armour is countered by a Chinese advantage in manpower, is greatly affected by the exceedingly hostile geography and climate along their common border which would impose severe limits on both operations and

We have improved our capability for projecting military forces to the region. Our U.S. Central Command develops specific plans and operational concepts focused on the region. Its potential force allocation comprises more than six ground divisions and over 600' tactical aircraft. To test these forces and concepts, we have conducted a number of successful exercises with friendly regional states, and our recent convoy/escort and mine-countermeasure operations in the Gulf are providing us with greater familiariy with regional operations. On balance, our improved capability to project significant forces rapidly to the region helps to deter Soviet aggression. Should deterrence fail, we can successfully defend the region with substantially fewer ground forces than the Soviets require to seize and occupy it, provided our forces are strongly supported by tactical air. Such a defence would depend heavily on... participation and support by friends and allies in the region.

Collective Security: The Near East, South Asia, and North Africa

Intererests, Challenges, and Risks

The United States has critical security interests in these regions that have spawned the following objectives: Deterring Soviet aggression; denying the Soviet access or influence in the region that might compromise the free world's access to energy resources; assuring the stability and security of friendly states, especially those strategically positioned relative to oil resources; inhibiting escalation or the spread of armed conflicts; and reaching a just, peaceful, and enduring settlement to the Arab-Israeli conflict.

The United States is facing serious challenges to its interests throughout these regions. Armed conflict in the Western Sahara, Libyan aggression in Chad, the Iran-Iraq war, Iranian disregard to freedom of navigation in the international waters of the Gulf, the continued Soviet occupation of Afghanistan, and border clashes between South Yemen and Oman are jeopardising political and

The most immediate threat to U.S. interests, however, remains Iran's intransigence in ending its war with Iraq, its determination to export terrorism, and its efforts to spread Islamic fundamentalism through force or intimidation in the Gulf states and elsewhere.

To counter this threat and safeguard our interests, President Reagan has approved a three-pronged strategy. One element involves vigorous U.S. diplomatic efforts to halt arms sales to Iran and end the Iran-Iraq war, as well as to reduce other regional tensions. The second element involves our support for the moderate Arah states, including escorting U.S.-flag vessels in the Gulf. The third element involves a halting of all U.S. imports from Iran. There are risks involved in this strategy, but we remain convinced that the risks of alternative courses of action are even greater. There is no risk-free way to protect our vital interests. Our best course is to minimise and manage those risks and to chart a steady course aimed at ending the war and communicating to our

friends — and our adversaries — our resolve.

Military Capabilities

Geographic military responsibility for the region is shared by three commanders in chief. The European Command, responsible for most Mediterranean littoral countries; Central Command, responsible for Southwest Asia; and Pacific Command, responsible for the South Asian countries. Following our decision to reflag 11 Kuwaiti tankers and provide them protection in the Gulf, we created the Joint Task Force Middle East (JTFME) to provide essential command and control for our increased naval presence. which includes the U.S. Middle East Force (MIDEASTFOR) that has been stationed in the Gulf for nearly 40 years.

Adequate levels of general purpose forces are available in the event of a regional crisis. Clearly, however, a timely and effective S. response to military threats will hinge on non-treaty relationships with friendly states for rapid force deployment and resupply, access to local facilities and support, and assistance from local military forces.

Regional Cooperation

North Africa — The United States has longstanding security relationships with Morocco and Tunisia. We maintain close contact with both countries as we seek to strengthen their military capabilities through equipment purchases and training, and as we negotiate for expanding access and transit rights for our forces

Near East - Our ability to respond to crises in the Eastern Mediterranean and Southwest Asia has increased during the past year, in part through our extensive security assistance relationship with Egypt and Israel. We are expanding bilateral joint military exercises with each country, negotiating prepositioning arrangements, and revitalising defence industrial cooperation. Small numbers of U.S. personnel are also contributing directly to preserving peace in the Near East by serving as members of the Multinational Force and Observers in the Sinai, and with United Nations Truce Supervision Organisation contingents in Egypt, Lebanon, and Syria.

The Gulf — Our protection of U.S.-flag vessels to assure freedom of navigation in the Gulf requires extensive host nation support. For example, Saudi Arabia supported deployment of U.S. AWACS aircraft since 1980 and has provided fighter support for our missions in Saudi airspace. During the Stark incident, the Saudis scrambled F-15s to protect AWACS aircraft and their oil facilities, assisted in our search and rescue efforts, and readied their unilitary hospital to receive our casualties. Kuwait has offered free fuel, as well as maintenance support, for MIDEASTFOR ships escorting reflagged tankers. Bahrain has leased us facilities for an administrative support unit, and provided extensive support to our naval presence in the Gulf (MIDEASTFOR), principally through port visits, maintenance facilities, and commercial refuelling. Oman, the only Middle East country with which we have formal access agreement, conducts combined exercises with U.S. forces and provides support for our Indian Ocean naval forces.

Strauss dominates Bavaria, infuriates the left

By Katerina Syrimi

PASSAU, West Germany - For

three hours, West Germany's most controversial politician held forth, giving his 7,000-strong andience his usual mixture of blunt speaking, folksy wisdom and right-wing views.

Bavarian Premier Franz Josef Strauss was among his own and at the end they yelled for more. The occasion was a rally of his

Christian Social Union (CSU), held each Ash Wednesday for the past 35 years in this southern German town, where Strauss demonstrated he had lost none of his ability to arouse hero worship among his supporters, embarrass his political allies and horrify his

Views on issues such as South Africa that have made Strauss the bogeyman of the West German left for many years were received m Passau to rapturous applause,

"I've come to hear Strauss because he's a strong politician, he always keeps his word and he tells people what he thinks," said Hans Schumacher, one of many Free Democrats, who together

Strauss supporters who had gathered to hear their leader Strauss did not disappoint

A while for the whites

Referring to his recent fact-

finding trip to South Africa, he said: "I am a convinced opponent of apartheid but I am certainly no foe of the white race. Sanctions would be the greatest stupidity

In true Strauss style, the South African visit embarrassed many of his allies and provoked criticism from political opponents angered at his close ties with Pretoria's white rulers.

President P.W. Botha gave Strauss a warm welcome in Cape Town but South African black nationalists refused to meet him. West Germany's opposition parties said Strauss's 10-day trip,

Helmut Kohl on the problems of the region, had served only to bolster South Africa's isolated white-dominated government. The visit was also condemned by many members of the Liberal

undertaken to brief Chancellor

with Kohl's Christian Democrats (CDU) and the CSU form an uneasy and often quarrelsome federal coalition.

If any of the Passau audience

harboured doubts about the wisdom of the trip, they kept silent. Many were dressed in traditional lederhosen (short leather trousers) and hats decorated with feathers, and consumed consider-

able quantities of Bavarian beer as their leader spoke. Outside the hall, hawkers did a roaring trade in books by and about Strauss, and even pens bearing the portrait of Bavaria's favourite son.

Strauss was typically unrepen-tant about the South African trip and indicated that he would continue his often unorthodox foreign policy.

Anti-Communist in Albania

plomacy has taken the staunchly Bonn and Stalinist Albania.

In the past this private di-

anti-Communist Strauss to Tirana -he is credited with a major role in establishing relations between Last December saw him in Moscow where he met Soviet

leader Mikhail Gorbachev.

"Many people would be very glad if I kept quiet but every Bavarian prime minister must take part in decision-making in Bonn," Strauss told the rally.

The promise seemed calculated to dismay the Free Democrats, who have clashed frequently with Strauss during nearly six years in coalition with the two other par-

Many political commentators say Kohl himself finds it difficult to deal with Strauss, whose robust right-wing views are viewed with distaste by the bberal wing of the CDU.

Yet electoral arithmetic dictates that Strauss cannot be

His CSU regularly wins some 60 per cent of the vote in Bavaria, making it impossible for the CDU, which contests the 10 other

states, to ignore it.
In excellent health at 72, Strauss shows no sign of wanting to withdraw from politics although few political analysts believe he will exchange the Bavarian premiership for a seat in the Bonn cabinet.

He has served in earlier West German governments as defence minister and finance minister. As befits a man who enjoys being seen in the company of world statesmen, Strauss is widely believed to be interested in only one portfolio — the foreign

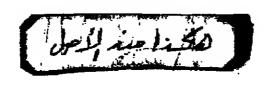
ministry, held by his long-time liberal opponent Hans-Dietrich Genscher, who shows no sign of stepping down.

For the foreseeable future,

er in Munich, ruling his Alpine state from the palace once occu-pied by Bavaria's former royal dynasty, which abdicated in 1918. For his supporters at Passan, it is a welcome prospect.

"I'll come here (to the Ash Wednesday rally) even when he's dead to show that his work has not been in vain" said one.







Yseni, the 4-year-old Palestinian girl who was scolded by an Israeli soldier is being visited by British Labour Party leader Nell Klunock

Every generation involved

The following article by Marie Colvin is reprinted from the Feb. 21 issue of The Sunday Times.

KELESKARAKANIKAN

.....

THE West Bank village of Bani Na'm echoed to the sound of Israeli gunfire as protest . again flared in the occupied territories. Elsewhere on the West Bank a Palestinian youth was shot dead by Israeli soldiers.

Israeli troops opened fire in Bani Na'im without warning as youths hurled stones at them. Hospitals reported that two boys had been badly injured, one shot through a lung and another through the liver. A third was hit but not badly hurt.

When I arrived in the village a short while before the shooting, the first sign of violence was black smoke billowing from a flaming barricade of tyres and the screams and loud pops of tear gas canisters being fired.

The entire village seemed to be taking part in the incident as its inhabitants held the hills above Bani Na'im, hiding behind stone walls and houses and throwing. stones at the soldiers.

Teenage boys on the roof of a house hurled rocks at the patrol or so boys stood their ground on the mosque courtyard and laid they wanted her to say.

By Daniel Q. Haney

The Associated Press

BOSTON - One day last year,

every person on earth was born-

barded with 10,000 billion ghostly

particles called neutrinos hurled

into space by the explosion of a

star, an astronomer said Friday.

However, neutrinos are so in-

credibly small and elusive that

they passed through: buildings,

people and the earth itself with

barely a trace. Besides, said Bos-

ton University astronomer Larry

Sulak: "We are recycled star

The nentrinos are the remnants

of a supernova, an exploding star,

that suddely appeared almost a

year ago in the skies of the

Such explosions happen reg-

ularly, but this one was in the

large Magellanic Cloud, a galaxy

1 million trillion miles away,

southern hemisphere.

below while middle-aged women dressed in the traditional Palestinian long embroidered dresses and white bead scarves ran back and forth handing them more missiles as ammunition.

As they gathered rocks, the women, who looked to be aged between 40 and 50, would sometimes stop and themselves throw a stone in the direction of the soldiers. An old man with a keffiveh headscarf and a shabby suit iacket stood unprotected with a sling. He too heaved stones in the direction of the soldiers below. They flew only about 50 feet away but be seemed unper-

After about 15 minutes, the soldiers fired tear gas directly at this group. The youths jumped from the roof and the women handed them onions, cut open as an antidote to the gas, and buckets of water to drench their faces. One older woman was overcome and dragged out of harm's way.

As this group was driven back, a group of about 40, mostly boys, came through the trees at the soldiers from houses 50 yards farther up the road. Another 20

which is close by heavenly stan-

dards. It is the brightest, from an

earthly perspective, in 383 years.

Scientists who have spent the

past year studying the supernova

discussed their findings at a meet-

ing of the American Association

for the Advancement of Science.

for Advanced Study in Princeton,

New Jersey, said that last Feb.

23, every human on earth was

showered with about 10,000 bil-

lion neutrinos from the exploding

Zero mass

However, people are constant-ly bomharded with neutrinos

from our own sun, as well, and

as a single hydrogen atom

changed hy the neutrinos,"

Bahcall said.

"Only 1 in 10,000 had as much

The subatomic particles have

the added dose did no harm.

John Bahcali of the Institute

the road, heaving stones at the soldiers without any protection. Villagers moved forward again from all sides. The soldiers retre-

The villagers were led by about 20 teenage youths and girls yelling to each other "yellah, shebab" or "let's go, kids". The older women followed them, clapping and yelling to each other "God is great."

Then a helicopter hovered low, and the patrol opened fire. Women began screaming and one pulled me down next to her in the courtyard of the mosque. She pushed herself up against the wall, wrapping her white veil around her knees and yelling with fear and elation.

The teenage leaders dived for the ground. The barrage continued uninterrupted for about 10 minutes, some in bursts of automatic weapons fire and some single shots. There was panic and

Two youths, struggling with the weight of an injured friend, headed up the hill from the direction of the patrol. They reached

almost zero mass and no charge.

sion was the equivalent of about

one million billion billion billion

atomic bombs of the kind that

destroyed Hiroshima. That's

more energy than a hundred stars

shining like the earth's sun would

give off in light over the lifetime

Scientists at the conference

said they were surprised and de-

lighted that the supernova acted

almost exactly like their theories

rinos, and it did, right on sche-

dule," said J. Craig Wheeler of

the University of Texas in Austin.

"The basic predictions have come

The researchers said that when

the star hlew up, 99 per cent of its

exploding energy was released in

the form of neutrinos, while most

of the rest was light. The neutri- plosion.

to pass with this supernova."

"It was expected to make neut-

of the universe.

said it would.

He said the supernova explo-

Supernova bombarded humans with 10,000b neutrinos

One of the older women ripped open his shirt and started pounding his chest. His eyes cleared and they felt him all over to see whether be had been hit. He could not talk from shock, but when a strong youth hefted him onto his back, fresh blood seeped through the shirt. Two other boys picked up his legs and ran him into the village away from

The villagers retreated. The soldiers pulled back up the road and a tense calm set in.

Then an elderly man came up, holding out his hands wet with fresh blood. He said he had helped one boy and three more had been injured. Every generation in the village had been in-

A crowd gathered around, with the panic subsiding now that the patrol had gone. Two girls were pushed forward because they spoke English. One said: "You must tell the world, we want to be free in our land. We want our freedom very very much." Villagers who spoke to English emphasised to her in Arabic what

nos reached earth three bours

before the light. That light, spot-

ted from a mountain top in Chile

last Feb. 24, was the first sign for

astronomers of the celestial catas-

Later, though, scientists found

traces of the sudden hurst of

neutrinos in two huge vats of

water, one in the United States

Sulak operates the U.S. experi-

ment, a square tank of water five

stories high that sits in a salt mine

beneath lake Erie. The tank was

built for another purpose - wit-

nessing the death of protons --

hut it also showed that eight

neutrinos from the supernova had

collided with water molecules.

The Japanese tank recorded 11

The experts believe that nickel

was formed during the initial ex-

and one in Japan.

such collisions.

Very informative and handy

By Inea Bushnag

MANY YEARS ago, as a young college student home for the summer, I received a phole call asking whether I would accom-pany some official guests from Britain to the ruins at Jerasb. At that time, the four-lane highway linking Jerash to Amman had yet to be huilt and there was no regular airconditioned JETT hus service: a trip to the ancient Roman provincial city was much more of an expedition than it is today. A bit of luck then, that of all the idle English-speakers in Amman, the role of hostess should have fallen to me.

Jest in ligh

The foreign visitors proved to be the historian Arnold Toynbee and his wife. Two memories stand out from that day. First, the disappointment of finding myself, time and again, panting in the shade with Mrs. Toynbee, no match for the tireless, whitehaired scholar who scampered over the fallen stones as lightly as a goat. And second, the satisfaction of hearing Toynhee say that he considered Jerash far more exciting even than Pompeii. 1 had not been to Italy and was gratified merely to hear, from the hps of authority and renown, that, indeed, the wonders of our littletrodden corner of the world were

Though the modern traveller is spared the eight dusty hours over bumpy unpaved road which I remember from my teenage years, and though there is a govermnent-owned hotel providing comfortable accommodations within walking distance of the Nabataean fortress city, once one enters the narrow, twisting passage hetween towering cliffs which leads into the "rose-red city half as old as time," one can

shed a thousand years and more. The ruins, however carefully studied and restored, have been left to present themselves to the viewer with a minimum of modern intrusion.

As recently as last June, two companions and 1 were able to feel as if we had the ruins to. ourselves. The only living things that we encountered, as we toiled up the pink sandstone heights, were birds with feathers of an identical rosy hue and nodding clusters of pink oleander hlooms. Then, walking back, a reed pipe sounded somewhere out of sight, playing the same simple melody over and over again, and from deep inside the Siq came the merry echo of boofbeats where the young guides raced each other on horsehack.

BOOK REVIEW

Since then, I have marvelled at the huried cities of Pompeii and Herculaneum and now understand Toynhee's remark. While the classical sites of Italy and Greece and the hiblical places of the Holy Land had been the destination of a steady stream of pilgrims and sightseers for centuries, the archaeological remains east of the River Jordan have only recently come to be included on the tourist's itinerary.

It is one of the added charms of the antiquities of Jordan that they offer the modern traveller a vivid sense of discovery. I think it was the element of unfamiliarity, of surprise at what he found, which sharpened the edge of Toynbee's excitement on that occasion. "It is no minor event in one's life to visit a ruined and deserted city, where over three bundred col-umns are still standing amid fal-len temples and other monuments of a former prosperous age," wrote an American visitor in 1875. More than a hundred years later, the words still apply.

Continuous excavation

Since the first concentrated excavations in the late 1920s and early 1930s at Gerasa, as Jerash was known hy the ancients, archaeological activity has continued steadily

The Jordan Department of Antiquities has been supervising the restoration of tumbled blocks of masonry and column drums to their original places with dramatic effect, as a glance at rare 19th-century photographs will

Intricate mosaic paving has been uncovered in the floors of the numerous Byzantine churches dating back to the fourth and fifth centuries. More recently, a whole residential quarter from the Umayyad period of early Islam

has been brought to light.
But perhaps the greatest achievement has been to keep the presence of scholarship discrete, so that the visitor's experience is still that of an explorer rather than a museum-goer.

Mercifully, there are not the endles notice boards and screens with printed information under glass which, in many countries, interfere with the first impression of a historical site. In the flush of evening, the colonnades of Jerash can play on the imagination as powerfully as the fabled Iram-ofthe-Many-Columns, a city that was made to vanish under the hlowing sands of Arabia in the moment of its pride and which, in the popular phantasy, occasionally reappears to the lonely desert

The Department of Antiquities has demonstrated the same good taste at Petra.

By Charles Lambelin

With the publication this year of Rami Khouri's two guidebooks, Jerash: A frontier city of the Roman East and Petra: A guide to the capital of the Nabataeans, the traveller who prefers to explore alone, rather than follow in the wake of a local guide, can have his cake and eat it. He now may enjoy the illusion of discovering Jerash and Petra for himself while carrying information of all but every stone with

The two slim volumes (Jerash, 144 pp.; Petra, 160 pp.), with sturdy water-repellent covers and rounded corners, are made to slip into the hack pocket. They provide a wealth of detail

in portable form. Anyone who has struggled from one patch of shadow to the next in the heat of mid-morning at Petra, ready to discard everything but the waterbottle, will appreciate the importance of the compact format.

For many years the chief reference book for the lay reader was G. Lankester Harding's The Antiquities of Jordan, first published in 1959.

Once the Director of Antiquities, Harding has not been parted from his lifelong passion even in death. In accordance with his wishes, he lies buried within the Roman walls at Jerash.

More recently, there appeared lain Browning's interestingly written books on Petra and Jerash. Excellent as these books are, they are not for the hiker's

By producing the two new guidebooks, Rami Khouri and Longman have done the traveller not to mention the Jordan archaeology huff — a much needed service.

Editor of the Jordan Times, Rami Khouri has extensive knowledge of Jordan, past and present. His articles on its antiquities and his heautiful photographs have

appeared in many publications.
He also reports on Jordan's economic development and is the anthor of The Jordan Valley: Life and Society below Sea Level, an account of the agricultural development of the region, published in 1981 in association with

the Jordan Valley Authority.
In preparing his guidebooks, Khouri has obviously spent much time exploring the two ancient cities himself. Retracing my path in Petra last June, for example, 1 find the directions precise and hased on firsthand observation. ("After a few minutes, you pass a small stone bench to your left, underneath a big tree on the cliff-face.")

It is amusing to note how many points of interest we managed to walk right past in our ignorance. Now I hope for a fresh opportunity, soon, "seriously to explore

A foot in each hemisphere, attraction of invisible line



Petra" — this time with guide in the impre

turn the corner to see

your unforgettable

first glimpse of the Kbazneh. There are

few experiences any-

where in the world of

antiquities as visually

striking...."

Useful information

The two books are arranged along similar lines. First come a few pages of concise and important practical information about weather, means of travel and lodging, including relevant telephone numbers and prices.

Especially valuable here are the suggestions for the best use of available time, with alternative itineraries for half-day, one-day

or three-day visits.

Himself a photographer (the books are generously illustrated with his photographs), Khouri offers tips on the best photographic conditions. raphic conditions

As a background against which to set the individual monuments, there follows a historical survey of the main events affecting the area. This is divided into the separate periods - Nahataean, Hellenistic, Roman, Byzantine and Islamic — and includes a few words about the present-day resi-

A short section on the "rediscovery" of Petra and Jerash tells of travellers who have preceded the reader, from the lone explorer early in the last century to the latest archaeological team. Here one learns when David

Roberts made his famous drawings and that Donghty was oppressed by the necropolis at Petra. An amazing amount of information is efficiently packed into a small space.

Obviously, there is no room for

cook who accompanied Edward Lear to Petra. His comment on the colours of the rock-cut city is perbaps worth quoting bere: "Oh Signore, we have come into a world where everything is made of chocolate, ham, curry powder and salmon.'

The bulk of the two books is, of course, a careful description of the archaeological remains. Drawing on the work of specialists and scholars, Khouri presents the most up-to-date findings and evaluations.

He points out inscriptions and gives their meanings. Plentiful ground plans and line drawings enable the reader to visualise buildings in their original form. By grouping the monuments geographically into well-defined clusters, Khouri gives his reader full control over how to proceed.

Instructions are clear and one may start at any point, working forwards or backwards.

Clearly these two guides to Jerash and Petra belong in every well-stocked bookstore...and on the shopping list of anyone planning a visit to Jordan. Both are published by Longman Group Limited and reasonably priced at under seven pounds sterling.

Inea Bushnaq was born in Jerusalem and now lives in New York. She is the author of the book, Arah Folktales, published in 1986 by Pantheon Books, and is currently working on a study of an Arab rural community. This article is reprinted from Jordan

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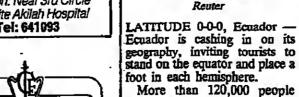
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P.O. Box 925457 AMMAN JORDAN



Few visitors can resist the temptation of having a snapshot taken on the invisible line dividing the world into northern and southern hemispheres. A monument marks the spot

come here each year, contribut-

ing millions of dollars to the

debt-strapped country.

and a restaurant on the 0-0-0 degree latitude is named "middle of the world."

Stalls sell "diplomas" certifying that the bearer "set his feet on the maximum line of zero latitude of the planet earth."

It is also the spot where people weigh the least because they are furthest away from the earth's centre, where water dropping from a tap should fall without whirling - it would swirl to the left in the northern hemisphere, to the right in the south - and where at least once every month, both the sun and moon can be seen at the same time.

Visitors can stand at high noon - admittedly only twice a year, on the spring and autumn equinoxes — and cast no shadow because the sun is precisely over-

The equator, the parallel where the earth's diameter is largest, slices many countries -Colombia and Brazil in Latin America, Gabon, Zaire, Uganda and Kenya in Africa, Indonesia in north of Quito, less than a half-rial line passes some 15 yards hour drive from the capital on a north of the monument. two-lane motorway in a town called San Antonio de Pinchicha.

Many visitors, associating the equator with dense tropical jungle, are surprised to find the monument in a dry valley surrounded by desert mountains. At an altitude of nearly 8,000 feet, the valley is often shrouded in mist and nights chilly.

The approach to the monument is a concrete promenade lined with 14 busts of explorers

and topped by a five-tome globe.
The cyphers 0-00-00 — for zero degrees, zero minutes, zero seconds - are carved on the 30-yard high grey stone pyramid. The monument also houses a museum of ethnology.

In fact, satellite observation In Ecuador it is a mere 10 miles has established that the equato-

> The monument went up five years ago, replacing a similar, but smaller, pyramid built in 1936, the 200th anniversary of a French-Spanish scientific expedition to the country, which took its name from the equator in 1830 when it broke away from greater Colombia soon after independ-

ence from Spain.
The 1736-44 French expedition led by Louis Godin and mathematician Charles de la Condamine came to what was then the colonial Audiencia of Quito.

Their goal was to determine the shape of the earth, to prove the suspicion that it was not perfectiv round.

Nykaenen, Roetsch fly and shoot their way into record books at Calgary

CALGARY (AP) — The "Flying Finn," once again soaring farthest off the ski jump, and an East German policeman who skis fast and shoots straight Tuesday became the first men ever to win both individual gold medals in their sports in one Olym-

But East Germany's powerful women speed skaters failed to win a gold medal for the second straight race. Yvonne van Gennin of the Netherlands beat them with a world-record time Tuesday night in the 3,000 metres after Bonnie Blair did the same in the 500 Monday.

Soviet couples swept the top two places in the ice dancing, with three-time world champions Natalia Bestemianova and Andrei Bukin taking the gold and Marina Klimova and Sergei Ponomarenko the silver. Tracy Wilson and Robert McCall of Canada won the bronze.

The winners, skating to Borodin's "Polovetsyan Dances," received three perfect 6.0 marks from the nine judges — but one 5,5 - for artistic impression, along with all 5.9s for technical merit.

Van Gennip, who had surgery on her foot less than three months ago, put on a burst of speed in the last lap and won in 4



minutes, 11.94 seconds, breaking the world record of 4:16.76 set by East Germany's Gabi Zange.

1988 WINTER OLYMPICS

Defending gold medallist Andrea Ehrig of East Germany was second in 4:12.09 and Zange took the bronze in 4:16.92.

There was double happiness among the organisers. For the first time since the outdoor events began Feb. 14, there were no postponements for unfavourable weather Tuesday. And organisers said the long-range forecast favoured completion of all events by closing day next Sunday. Fiuland's Matti Nykaenen,

who won the 70-metre jump last week, overcame what some officials called the "psychological torture" of waiting out wind de-lays that began last Saturday as medals. he defended his 90-metre Olympic title and set a hill record Tuesday. This was the first time one man had won both the 70- and 90metre gold medals in one olym-

Finishing 55th and last in the 90-metre was Britain's myoptic, one-man jumping team — Eddie "the Eagle" Edwards, whose hapless style gained him instant

wards also was in last place in the 70-metre jump. But be won't be back to "fly" again in Wednesday's 90-metre, which is res-. tricted to four-man teams.

Biathlon

East Germany's Frank-Peter Roetsch, shaking off the fatigue of his winning race Saturday in

biathlete had won both individual

the 20-kilometre biathlon, triumphed by 15.6 seconds in Tuesday's 10-kilometre race. No other

events since the 20K was added to the Olympics in 1960. The two joined Sweden's Tomas Gustafson in the ranks of double gold medallists in these games. Gustafson won the 5,000and 10,000-metre speed skating races, setting a world record in

the 10,000. With Roetsch's victory and the Soviet victory in the ice dancing, the first-place Soviets stayed ahead of East Germany 8-7 in gold medals and 22-17 in total

Kania falters

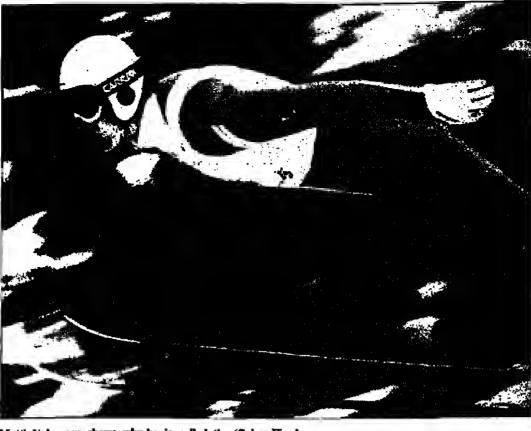
There was uncertainty, meanwhile, about a star who had been expected to win more medals for the East Germans. In the 3,000metre speed skating, Karin Kania faltered with 600 metres left and finished fourth in 4:18.08.

After the race, Kania skated in

Medal Table

CALGARY (AP) - Total medals after events Tuesday, 10th full day of competition at the Winter Olympics:

Nation	Gold	Silver	Bronze	Total
The Soviet Union	8	8	6	22
East Germany	7	6	4	17
Austria	3	3	1	7
Switzerland	1	4	2	7
Finland	3	. 0	. 2	5
The Netherlands	1	2	2	5
Sweden	3	õ	ī	4
The United States	2	Ĭ	ī	4
Norway	Õ	3	ī	4
Canada	Ō	Ĭ	3	4
West Germany	Ĭ	ī	ī	3
Czechoslovakia	Ō	ī	$\bar{2}$	3
France	ĭ	ō	ĩ	2
1taly	Ō	ň	ī	ī
Japan	ň	ŏ	ī	î
Yugoslavia	ŏ	ŏ	î	î



Matti Nykaenen shows why he is called the 'flying Finn'

pain to the infield and appeared to collapse on a bench, where trainers and coaches began to massage her legs.

She got up about 10 minutes later and began to walk gingerly. around the carpet in the middle of the rink. Kania was not available for comment after the race. She was to try again for her seventh olympic medal Friday in the 1,000 metres.

The 23-year-old van Gennip said of her victory: "Ehrig and Kania said in the newspapers that once they stopped, I could be the best skater. But I wanted to beat

them before they stopped.
"I'm glad I did it in the Olym-

Hockey

In Hockey, Austria beat Poland 3-2 for ninth place. It was Austria's first victory after four losses and a tie. Poland suffered its fourth straight loss, including a 6-2 victory over France that was taken away after forward Jaroslaw Morawiecki tested positive

France won 11th place in the 12-team Olympic hockey tournament by beating Norway. The two teams were tied 6-6 after the regulation 60 minutes and a 10minute overtime. The French then outscored the Norwegians 2-0 when each time was allowed four free shots.

Wednesday's events

Switzerland seeks to return to winning form in the women's giant slalom Wednesday, and Nykaenen reaches for an unpre-

Michela Figini of Switzerland cedented triple crown jumping.

Elsewhere, West Germany, Austria and Norway duel for gold in the final of the Nordic combined team event, and the medal round of the Olympic bockey tournament opens with defending champion Soviet Union facing off... against Canada, world champion Sweden taking on Czechoslovakia and Finland battling West

On the icy slopes of Mount Allan, 95 kilometres west of Calgary, Switzerland was depending on Vreni Schneider, Maria Wal-liser and Michela Figini to steal back Alpine olympic glory from Austria, West Germany and France. Switzerland's three neighbours have seven alpine medals among them including,

four golds.
With no golds in women's com-

petition and only one in the men's, the disappointing and disappointed Swiss were rated a good chance to rebound in the women's giant slalom where they have shown strength in this sea-

son's world cup competition.

They will be challenged by a pair of French skiers, Catherine Quittet and Carole Merle, along with Yugoslavia's Mateja Svet, Austria's Anita Wachter, the combined gold medallist, and Blanca Fernandez Ochoa of

In Tuesday's 70-metre jumping portion of the team Nordic combined, West Germany took a narrow lead over Austria. But third-placed Norway could overtake the leaders with a strong showing in Wednesday's 3 x 10kilometre cross-country relay

SPORTS IN BRIEF

Pele to play in AIDS fund-raiser

TOKYO (AP) — Former star Pele and other soccer greats from years past will play an exhibition match in Tokyo in April to raise years past will play an exhibition match in Tokyo in April to raise funds for combatting AIDS, organisers said Wednesday. Besides Pele, from Brazil, Pat Jennings of Northern Ireland, Michel Platini of France. Johan Neeskens of The Netherlands, Trevor Brooking of England, Teofilo Cubillas of Peru, Paolo Rossi of Italy, Eusebio of Portugal, Allan Simonsen of Denmark, Oleg Blokhin of the Soviet Union and coach Carlos Bilardo of Argentina will face a Japanese team in Tokyo April 22, they said. The Japanese team will be led by Kunishige Kamamoto. The visitors average age is 38.2 years while the Japanese squad will be 36.7 years old on the average, according to the organisers.

Troubled Coe begins Olympic bid

LONDON (R) — Double Olympic 1,500 metres champion Sebastian Coe will return to a British track after nearly a year's absence when he competes for England in the annual indoor international against the United States next month. Coe, who is struggling to regain his form after an Achilles injury last season, will run over 3,000 metres at the March 12 meeting in Cosford as part of his preparation for the Seoul Olympics, the organisers said Wednesday. He will be amisous to improve on his first outing of 1988, a 3,000 metres race in Rutherford, New Jersey, in which he was lapped and failed to finish. Coe set a world indoor 800 metres record duting the match against the Americans five years ago.

San Diego Yatch Club to field catamaran to defend America's Cup

NEW YORK (Agencies) — American skipper Dennis Conner said Tuesday his team was working against the clock to build a catamaran to defend the America's Cup against New Zealander Michael Fay's huge single-hulled

Conner, in New York on a fund-raising tour, said a U.S. cigarette company was providing funds for two catamarans being shipped from France so that his crew could practice while the Sail America Foundation built the new boat.

"There's not a lot of Boats around like the one we're racing," Conner told reporters. "It's unique. So we don't have anything to practice in. It would be like a golfer with no golf course," he said.

"The design is finished," he said. "We've got to go and build this boat now. We're working 24 hours a day."

Last November, a New York court upheld a challenge by Fay that will force the cup holders, the San Diego Yacht Club, to defend the trophy this year in 90-foot waterline boats. The America's Cup is in a crisis and its yacht club had been planning a not the American way to duck a multi-national 1991 defence in crisis. We've got to respond to the traditional, and far smaller, 12-metre yachts.

San Diego feels their catamaran will handily beat Fay's single- perpetually-tanned skipper.

bulled sailing vessel, after which they hope to return to the original timetable and 12-metre yachts.

"Michael Fay has got to be beat for the future of the cup." said Conner, sporting a silver pin in the shape of the America's Cup on the lapel of his blue yachting

We are going with the catamaran with a crew of a half dozen against his (crew of) 40, so its going to be bizarre," Conner said of the races which will likely be held off Long Beach, California
— the 1984 Olympic yachting

"I don't think any sailors like what's going on. They like the idea of racing on the water in a fair competition," he said, referring to the probable September

mismatch as "an oddball deal." Conner, who headed the first U.S. losing effort in over 130 years of America's Cup competition in 1983 and won the cup back from Australia last year, said that when the court ruled in favour of Fay, Sail America asked for his

The bottom line is that the this sneak attack. This is my fifth America's Cup and I'll do what 1 can to keep it here," said the

EMBASSY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA NOTICE TO ALL AMERICAN **CITIZENS LIVING IN THE** HASHEMITE KINGDOM OF **JORDAN**

American citizens residing in Jordan who have not previously registered with the embassy are requested to visit the American embassy Consular Section in order to register their presence in the

Previously registered citizens should telephone or contact the American Consulate to inform the embassy of their continued presence in the country and of any change in telephone, address or employment. Citizens who have not updated their registration within the past year will have their registration. cards deleted from the files.

The American embassy is located in Jabal Amman between Second and Third Circles, directly across from the Jordan Intercontinental Hotel. The phone number is 644371, ext. 238. P.O. Box 354.

The Consular Section is open to the public 8:30 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Sunday through Thursday.

FOR SALE

Jordan Express Co. Exhibition Police Academy Street, Amman announcing the sale of household effects with competitive prices, do not lose this opportunity.

AQUAMARINA HOTEL-CLUB

PADI and CMAS the two world organisations for divers have recognised Aquamarina Diving Centre after 10 years of experience and over 35,000 dives as a qualified Diving Centre to issue licences for new divers as of Jan. 31, 1988, and for the first time in Jordan.

We encourage all Jordanians to participate in this programme at the Aquamanna Diving Centre.

Please call tel. 03-316250

Watford beats Port Vale

LONDON (AP) — Watford, out-played for long periods of the match, scored the goals that mattered and beat Third Division Port Vale 2-0 in an English F.A. cup fifth round replay Tuesday

Port Vale, which eliminated Tottenham Hotspur in the previous round and had the better of last Saturday's 0-0 draw against Watford, was punished in the replay for poor finishing as the first division hosts booked their.

Cinema

place in the quarterfinals. After a bright start by Vale, Watford took the lead after six minutes with a goal by Trevor Senior. But the visitors kept attacking and Tony Coton in the Watford goal had to make a number of smart saves.

Tottenham, United draw

In an English First Division game, Tottenham Hotspur and Manchester United drew 1-1.

Tel: 675573

IRS representative available

A representative of the U.S. Internal Revenue Service will be available on the following dates to provide information on U.S. income tax filing:

Feb. 28: Individual consultations 10:00 a.m. - 1:00 p.m. American Centre, 3rd

2:00 p.m. - 4:30 p.m. Consular Section, U.S. Embassy Taxpayers' seminar

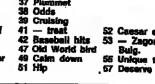
7:30 p.m. - 9:00 p.m. American Centre Feb. 29: Individual consultations

10:00 a.m. - 1:00 p.m. American Centre. 2:00 p.m. - 4:30 p.m. Consular Section, U.S.

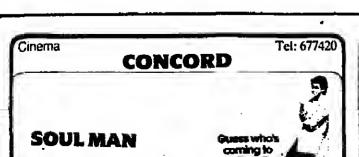
Embassy You may call 644371 ext. 238 for further details

THE Daily Crossword by Harold B. Counts ACROSS 1 Flowering shrub 6 Wrestling milieu 9 Egg on 13 Convex molding 14 Shredded 14 Shradded 15 Aa 15 Mortise and — 17 Merit 18 Supplements 19 NBA member 22 Sticky stuff 23 RSVP word 24 Bread 25 Sch. gp. 28 Mop 30 — Turner 32 Sculle 34 Turk river 34 Jason's wife 45 Arts 47 Mix-up Broadway 43 Mix-up 44 Chin. river 45 Theater seat 46 Ordinel suffix 46 Fleming and 57 Doutley 58 Deve cry 56 Check 58 Be careful 32 Winged 63 Effin being 64 Hsckneyed 67 — avis 68 Caen's river 69 Metric unit 70 Dutch town 71 inhabitants: suff. DIRE VIESTA DUAL ADIR AXIDA RITA BARROMARDIA ILEV ADV DRUR ARE MOOT DAVAL REGERO RIDELER DIOR ERDIAL LAR HTRIV BRI GLORE TIM SPORTA





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Dentists to give monthly financial

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Jordanian Dentists Association (JDA) has decided that all dentists should contribute the salary of one day a month for supporting the Palestinian people's uprising. The decision, taken by the IDA board which met under Chairman Walid Maraqa, said that the contribution will

The JDA had earlier raised an unspecified amount of contributions and sent them over to the West Bank and the Gaza Strip.

continue as long as the uprising

Municipalities plan to upgrade services

IRBID (Petra) — A budget of JD 90,000 has been allocated for the municipality of Kharja and Al Zawieh, according to Mayor Issam Alshara. The municipality has already floated a tender to asphalting around 25,000 square metres of the town's streets at the cost of JD 27,500.

In the Karak Governorate, Al Qasr municipality will spend JD 129,770 during 1988 on a number of development projects, according to a municipality official.

AMMAN FINANCIAL MARKET

AMMAN (J.T.) — Either investors were forced Wednesday to park their cars "anywhere in the streets" due to slippery roads or

for being stranded in the snow or that some of them opted to stay

in their warm homes leaving the trading activities for some other

Overall trading was only 46,539 shares for a total volume of JD

83,866 spread over 82 contracts, of which 13, the highest number,

Jordan French Insurance recorded JD 19,990, the highest volume, while the highest number of shares traded, totalling 6,350, were those of National Shipping Lines.

The shares of 26 companies changed hands, but quite a few involved only low four figures in terms of number of shares or

was related to Universal Chemical Industries.

No trading in development bonds took place.

FORECAST FOR THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1988

From the Carroll Righter Institute

Prices were mostly steady.

Businessmen from Jordan, Egypt | U.N. report: 44 poor African states need

AQABA (Petra) — The third ism and also the progress on the meeting of the Jordanian-Egyp- Jordanian-Egyptian-Iraqi land tian Businessmen Council opens here today to look into several issues related to the development and strengthening of cooperation ties between Jordan and Egypt, especially in the field of tourism.

The council, which will be opened by Industry and Trade Minister Hamdi Tabbaa and the participation of Tourism Minister Zuhair Ajlouni and Egyptian Tourism and Civil Aviation Minister Fuad Sultan, is expected to focus on the role of the private sector in both countries in the development of Jordanian-Egyptian relations in the field of tour-

The Jordanian Businessmen Society is scheduled to present a working paper at the two-day meeting dealing with economic relations between Jordan and Egypt and the role of the private sector in both countries.

The society had prepared a booklet on the economic and investment climate in Jordan, including information on Jordan's unique incentives for capital in-

The booklet reviews facilities in Jordan for the transfer of profits and capital and exemping their economic feasibility.

tions offered by the Free Zone Corporation for investors.

The booklet also contains information on banking and financial facilities in Jordan and their role in financing development projects, in addition to the role of the Industrial Development Bank in financing productive projects and the synchronisation in tax laws with incentives and facilities provided by the Industrial Cities Corporation.

Ministry of Tourism sources said that the Jordanian-Egyptian Higher Committee has called for expediting studies on needed procedures to legally institutionalise tourism investments after realis-

CBJ explains situation of moneychangers

AMMAN (J.T.) — A number of moneychangers in Jordan en-countered difficulties over the past few years largely due to violations of laws set by the Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ), according to CBJ Deputy Gov-ernor Maher Shukri.

He said the CBJ studied reports from auditors on the opera-

tions of the moneychangers, their financial position and reasons behind their difficulties and had left the matter to the Jordanian courts to settle their legal prob-lems and to deal with their law violations.

The courts have appointed a special committee to supervise procedures pertaining to the bankruptcy of moneychanger Saliba Rizek and, through contacts with debtors and depositors, the committee is now conducting a settlement and a process of compensation with the concerned

parties, Shukri noted. As to Karson, moneychanger, the CBJ has been in contact with the depositors and the debtors with a view to reaching a settlement, Shukri noted.

This is being done, he said, through a committee grouping major debtors, the owner and a CBJ observer.

Shukri said that a two-year process has been going on for settling the issue of the Jordan Timber Industries Company which had gone bankrupt.

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the bnying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Wednesday.

One Sterling One U.S. dollar

1.2665/75 1.6930/37 1.9000/10 1.3925/35 35.35/39 5.7256/95 1247/1248 128.80/90

6.0150/0200 6.3710/60 436.00/436.75

Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns U.S. dollars

U.S. dollar Canadian dollar

Dentschemarks

Dutch guilders

Swiss francs

YOUR HOROSCOPE

One ounce of gold

LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (R) - Shares stood mixed in late trading with a similar opening on Wall Street providing little fresh incentive, dealers said.

The FTSE 100 stood 3.1 points up at 1,761.0 at 1530 GMT compares to last Friday's close of 1,729.8. Volume again turned low after slightly more respectable turnover Tuesday, with just 247 million shares traded by 1500 GMT. There was some disappointment that New York's market had again failed to break here its root much Down Joseph San January industrial areas high at 2 052 above its post-crash Dow Jones industrial average high of 2,052.

The FTSE 100 touched a low of 1,755.2 at 0934 in reaction to 1987 results from Barclays Bank.

The market showed an initial bad reaction to the Barclay's figures, which showed a 62 per cent fall in pre-tax profits to £339 million after £895 million in 1986. However, a later reassessment of the data saw Barclays a net 9p higher at 483 after a low of 475.

backing to uprising open third meeting in Aqaba today extra \$5b a year to weather financial crisis

UNITED NATIONS (AP) — Sub-Saharan Africa needs \$5 billion a year in additional aid and debt relief to weather its financial crisis, a group of financial experts said in a U.N. report released Wednesday.

"The African continent presents some of the most intractable development problems in the world," Sir Douglas Wass, chairman of the advisory group on financial flows for Africa, said in the report to U.N. Secretary-

General Javier Perez de Cuellar. Without help, the political problems now confronting the region could become "insur-

mountable," the group warned.
The economic crisis is taking a bitter human toll. In much of sub-Saharan Africa per capita infant death are on the rise, jobs buge size and its oil exports make

up its first stock exchange and

hopes to open a trading floor

within about six months, the project's adviser said Wednesday.

Fawzi Behzad said conversion

of an office block in central Man-

ama should be completed within

a month and the exchange would

be opened between June and

September.
"Our plan is to open in sum-

phone and telex market, was first

proposed in August 1986 as part

of a package of government mea-sures to stimulate Bahrain's eco-

Juitially 21 Bahraini-owned

companies will be listed plus nine

joint ventures between Bahrainis

and nationals of other Gulf Coop-

eration Council countries -

Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia and the United Arab

(MEES) reported Tuesday.

an output averaging 200,000 bar-rels a day but last-minute technic-

al problems and damage to a moored storage tanker led to

The newsletter also reported

Emirates.

delays.

Bahrain presses to open

stock exchange in summer

BAHRAIN (R) — Bahrain is placing particular emphasis in repressing ahead with plans to set up its first stock exchange and ment bonds or treasury bills to

mer, but no date has been decided on yet," he told Reuters.

The exchange, replacing a tele-

Gulf states have been trying to expand their financial markets, 9.2 per cent since early October.

NICOSIA (AP) - North Yemen a production-sharing agreement

rels a day by mid-year, the Mid-dle East Economic Survey (MEES) reported Tuesday.

It said the agreement covers approximately 31,000 square kilometres in the Marib-Jawi area

The weekly economic newsletter said current output was between 130,000 and 150,000 barrels a day.

It said original plans were for an output averaging 200,000 barrels and output averaging 200,000 barrels and output averaging 200,000 barrels are least the last size to the last of the last size to the last of the last size to the last of the

that North Yemen has approved be concluded shortly.

Marib-Jawf area to 175,000 bar- rolemn International Corp.

North Yemen plans to raise oil

production by mid-year

are growing scarcer, opportuni-ties for education or training are

The report covers 44 countries south of Sahara, where the problems of chronic poverty, high birth rates, meager resources and political instability and poor management have been compounded by falling prices for commodities like cocoa and coffee, massive foreign debt and dwindling infusions of capital.

The 13 financial experts from around the world said they did come is now lower than it was 20 not include relatively prosperous years ago. Malnutrition and in- Nigeria in their report because its

bridge budget deficits.

veloped more slowly.

gious community.

Stock exchanges have de-

In Saudi Arabia, a trading floor

was opened for just three weeks

last year and then closed because,

bankers said, of objections from the kingdom's conservative reli-

Oman plans to open an ex-

where bankers say weak earn-

ings, competition from govern-

ment debt offerings and Octo-ber's worldwide slide in stocks

have depressed prices. Some Gulf-based bankers had

boped the "Black Monday" crash

would boost Gulf stock markets

by encouraging local investors to

repatriate funds from major

But share indices have painted

a different picture. The index for

the North Yemeni authorities

with regard to the relinquishment by Hunt of another 12.5 per cent

of its original concession.

1t said the negotiations would

Western exchanges.

it a special case. Sub-Saharan Africa got about

\$15 billion in aid and debt relief last year - but it wasn't enough to stop an economic slide that began early in the 1980s, according to the financial experts.

The region needs at least \$5

billion more a year, they said.

The experts said they are hopeful that new initiatives by the World Bank, the International Monetary Fund and the African Development Bank would yield

about \$3 billion a year.

They proposed reducing interest rates on debt to provide another \$1 billion in resources and appealed to the international community to provide another \$1billion in aid.

The experts said the internal reforms are essential to reversing the downward slide. They said donor nations will be more willing to help if African govern- in the fall.

ments manage their economies, their aid and their debts better. "Economic policies have rarely

been fashioned to promote growth and efficiency and to improve the trade balance," the report said. "Aid has not always been well-employed and it has

often been ill-coordinated. The report grows out of a 1986 African recovery plan devised during a special session of the U.N. General Assembly and supported by the United States, the largest source of aid to Africa after France and Italy.

Perez de Cuellar said late last year that the recovery programme was not producing the envisioned results and assembled the advisory group to take a look at the situation.

The General Assembly plans to review the recovery programme

Vatican employees declare 'moral' strike over salaries

testing at a change in the way each month instead of the begin-they are paid, said Wednesday ning. they would stage an unpre-cedented "moral" strike by staying at their jobs but refusing

part of their wages.

The Association of Lay Vati-

VATICAN CITY (R) — Lay a unilateral move by the Holy See employees of the Vatican, pro-

The union, which represents 1,400 of the Vatican's 1,800 lay staff, called what they termed an "active moral strike."

. The employees will work norcan Employees took the action to protest against what they said was pay for the first three hours.

Greenspan sees slow U.S. growth but no recession

WASHINGTON (R) — Federal Reserve (Fed) Board Chairman Alan Greenspan said Tuesday U.S. economic growth would slow this year but he saw no indication of the country slipping into recession.

In testimony to the House of Representatives Banking Committee that accompanied a semi-annual report to Congress by the, U.S. central bank, Greenspan said the economy was not entering a "geriatric" phase, despite 63 months of expansion.

He said companies were re-porting their "order books are solid, really strong... really very impressive.

The Fed's policy-making Federal Open Market Committee U.S. economic growth was likely to slow to 2.0 to 2.5 per cent in 1988 after a robust 3.8 per cent growth in 1987.

The report also said inflation was likely to rise by between 3.25 and 3.75 per cent in 1988, after a 3.0 per cent increase in 1987. Greenspan told the committee

credit supply a few weeks ago because of indications the economy was softening.

He said the effects on the

"I think it is fair to say that markets still are exhibiting a certain edginess, and we can't be sure yet that normal market functioning has been fully restored following the events of October,' he said.

White House officials, particularly anxious to avoid a recession in presidential election year, were critical of Fed policy in late 1987, saying an overly tight pohcy might have contributed to the October stock market crash and underestimated the risks to

adequate growth.
"We did not see ourselves as

being tight," Greenspan said. He said the Fed's 1988 economic growth forecast, which is in diction of 2.4 per cent, assumed further progress in reducing the federal budget deficit. Continued fiscal restraint was crucial to fostering balanced growth and redressing global trade imba-lances, Greenspan said.

The Fed report predicted U.S. Greenspan told the committee the Fed had eased slightly on the 5.8 per cent in December and January, would average between 5.75 and 6.0 per cent by the end of 1988.

He said the effects on the economy of the Oct. 19 stock should give housing a boost in market crash might not be fully

Peanuts









Mutt'n' Jeff









Andy Capp





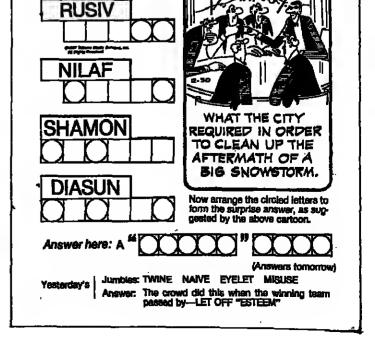






JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME
by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee

Unscramble these four Jumbles,



proven track records. **The Stars impel; they do not LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) An compel." What you make of your opportunity to greatly increase life is largely up to you! **your income will be present today. © 1988, McNanght Synd. **so be sure to take advantage of it. FORECAST FOR FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1988

YOUR HOROSCOPE

GENERAL TENDENCIES:
Pocas your energy on the social aspects of life, as you will be sumusually adept at pleasing the can bring you more affection and generally improve the atmosphere around your adulty in proven the atmosphere around your adulty around your adulty for some pleasure tonight.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20)
You can make some great improvements to your property at this time. Your memory is not up to par, so make notes to yourself.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) A group of progressive, dynamic friends can inspire your daily activities. Stop procrastinating and follow your star.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to Jul 21) You contact the proper people. Besure to drive exercising.

IEO (Jul 22 to Ang. 21) You could make some interesting and profitable discoveries by catching up on your neglected correspondence this evening.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) If you need some information to progress more quickly in business, consult only those experts who have proven track records.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 23) An opportunity to greatly increase

From the Carroll Fighter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: been putting off lately.

There will be a strong temptation to make some abrupt moves or Don't be fooled by a person who changes in the early part of the day. claims to have your best interests but you would be wise to avoid doing so. Your friends and co-workers disrupt an important project.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) You may be tempted to make a spiteful in the best of moods this morning, but avoid getting into an argument which would hamper your progress.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) You may have some difficulties with your daily work this morning, but all will be brighter later in the budget for yourself, and leave room for recreation and hobbies.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) If you feel you must criticize the server of of your surroundings. Be sure tool of your surroundings. Be sure Catch up on overdue work tonight. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) If the best of humors. Enjoy the contents of same good friends and relax. Keep your temper in check today.

If Your Child Is Born Today

THE PERSON

your integrity. Steer clear of a superior who is in a bad mood.

"The Stars impel; they do not LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Don't compel." What you make of your make any radical changes in your life is largely up to you! daily routines this morning. Clear © 1988, McNaught Synd.

From the Carroll Righter Institute

the best of humors. Enjoy the company of some good friends tonight.

LEO (Jal. 22 to Aug. 21) Don't be the or she will be extremely forceful in trying to gain a personal energetic, wanting to be involved in good this morning, or you could get many activities simultaneously and into trouble Focus your energy on always wanting to change accepted improving business interests.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) If good education, this tendency can you pursue a personal goal today, be extremely beneficial, and your do nothing which will later impugn progeny could be very successful. your integrity, Steer clear of a support of the country o

Pretoria bans political activities of 17 groups

JOHANNESBURG (Agencies) — In one of its harshest crackdowns ever, the government Wednesday banned all political activities of the country's largest anti-apartheid organisation, the United Democratic Front (UDF), and 16 other groups.

The Pretoria government also ordered that the main black labour federation, the Congress of South African Trade Unions (COSATU), limit its activities only to labour issues and stay out

of politics.
"Many of our people will see it. (the restrictions) as a declaration of war," said Anglican Archbishop Desmond Tutu, winner of the 1984 Nobel Peace Prize for bis fight against apartheid.

"The government's idea of reform is to smash all effective possible political opposition in tbe country, oo matter bow peaceful and lawful, and to rule with a jackboot," Tutu said. He appealed to the United States and other Western countries to inteosify ecocomic pressure on South

The prime target of the new move is the UDF, formed four years ago to oppose a new con-stitution which allowed Indians and mixed-race coloureds into

dent Daniel Ortega has sent a offices.

strongly worded letter to Cardin-

al Miguel Obando Y. Bravo criti-

cising what he called an abrupt

eod to ceasefire talks with the

contra rebels, and proposing that

"Taking ioto account what you

have repeatedly said that each

day that passes in Nicaragua 25

Nicaraguans die as a result of

the war of aggressioo that our

country suffers, the government

views with consternation the sus-

pension of the planoed-meeting,"

the president said in his letter

Tuesday.
Obando Y. Bravo said be took issue with parts of the presideot's

letter and was looking into

whether talks could be beld later

posed to take orders nor a messen-

ger that fulfills orders. I am a

"I am oot a military man dis-

another round start Friday.

Ortega proposes new talks

NICARAGUA (AP) - Presi- nalists Tuesday outside bis

parliament but left the black majority still excluded from

oational politics. Multi-racial but predominantly black, the UDF claims three millico members through about 700

affiliated groups.

Lawyers could not immediately clarify whether the ban affected all affiliates or just those specifically named in Law and Order Minister Adriaan Vlok's list.

The restrictions, announced on a special government gazette, do not technically outlaw the UDF and the other groups, but effectively ban them by prohibiting them from carrying on any activities not approved by Vlok.

The Rev. Allan Boesak, a cofounder of the UDF, said the government has acted out of frustration because its tough tactics during a 20-month-old state of emergency had failed to quell militant oppositioo.

"It is oot possible, really, to ban the UDF," he said by tele-

Meanwhile, the Sandinista

newspaper quoted a government official Tuesday as saying U.S. coogressional approval of cootra

phone. "The UDF is much less an organisatioo than a symbol. of the determination of South Africa's oppressed people to be free."

In addition to the UDF, which represents more than 600 antiapartheid organisations with more than two million members oatioowide, and COSATU groups affected by the ban in-

— The Azanian People's Organisatioo, the largest group espousing the black conscious-ness philosophy pioneered by Steve Biko, the activist who died

in police custody in 1977.

— The National Education Crisis Committee, which has sought to promote "people's education" in which black communities would exercise greater control over their schools

- The Detainees Parents Support Committee, which monitors detentions and provides support for relatives of people detained without charge.

- The Soweto Civic Association, the main anti-apartheid community group in the country's largest black township and a key factor behind the rent boycott which has persisted there for nearly two years.

radio to ask for calm and to assure Armenians that the question was under consideration.

Outbreaks of ethnic tensions

In a TASS news agency report Tuesday, the government took the musual step of acknowledging marest in the Nagorno-Karabakh-skaya region of Azerbaijan because of the dispute over which republic should control it. The report read on national television said the demands of the demonstrators "contradict the interests

The government newspaper Izvestia Tuesday called for more public discussion of the dispute acknowledging a "mass meeting" of protesters in Yerevan, student boycotts and the involvement of national party officials in trying to

Seoul students stage attack

to protest inauguration SEOUL (Agencies) - Sonth Ko-

aid, eveo for basic foodstuffs, would violate a regional peace rean students armed with homemade bombs seized the U.S. In-"Whatever aid of this type oot formation Service office Wednesonly totally violates the peace day in a protest against Thurs-day's presidential inanguration plan but also stops being humanitarian the minute it goes to and the building was shaken by two explosions before police belligereot forces," Deputy Foreign Minister Victor Hugo Tinoco said in an interview with Barricaoverpowered the attackers. da, voice of the ruling Sandinista Officials said there were no

National Liberation Front. reports of injuries.. Two of the students, holding "Whatever aid - rice and beans - for a force that is makexplosive devices and draped in ing war is called military logistics South Korean flags, stood at shatin whatever language yoo speak, tered windows oo the second floor yelling "Yankee go home" as riot police quickly ringed the The U.S. Congress is scheduled to vote Thursday on a building in the beart of capital.

25-million compromise package The students burled at least bomb into the street, accord ing to witnesses. Police officials said the students claimed they were armed with 18 bomemade bombs. An

Armenians continue protests in Yerevan

MOSCOW (AP) — A former political prisoner said 200,000 demonstrators converged Wednesday in Armenia's capital city of Yerevan to demand an extraordinary meet-ing of the republic parliament on a nationalist dispute.

The demonstration followed a

recent decision of the Communist Party's Central Committee denying Armenia's call for annexa-tion of a region now controlled by the neighbouring Republic of Azerbaijan, activist Paruyr Ayri-kyan told the AP in a phone call from Yerevan.

Widespread strikes and school boycotts accompanied the second day of unrest in the Armenian capital, and senior officials of the Central Committee went to the Cancasus mountains region to try to quell the protests, Ayrikyan

The Yerevan demonstrators, who were said by Ayrikyan and Moscow dissidents to number more than 100,000 Tuesday and twice that number Wednesday. demanded that the Armenian Supreme Soviet, the republic's nominal parliament, convene in extraordinary session to decide the annexation question.

The protesters claim the issue is out of the party's jurisdiction, and that the Central Committee decision violates the constitution.

Ayrikyan said Armenian Com-munist Party chief Karen S. De-mirchyan and other party officials had gone on local television and

have occurred with increasing frequency over the past year as Soviets embrace party chief Mikhail S. Gorbachev's call for "glasnost," or more openness in tackling the nation's social prob-

of the working people."

official said the devices were resolve the conflict.

Dole, Robertson get boost ahead of 'super Tuesday'

Dole and Pat Robertson were given a boost on their way to the major "super Tuesday" primary elections of March 8 by two relatively minor contests in Minnesota and South Dakota.

Senate minority leader Dole was the big Republican winner in Tuesday's primaries in the two mid-western states. Former television evangelist Pat Robertson, also a Republican, apparently finished second in both votes.

Missouri Congressman Richard Gephardt, winner in the South Dakota Democratic contest, and Massachusetts Governor Michael Dukakis, first in Minnesota, strengthened their claims to be leading contenders for their party's nomination.

Vice-President George Bush, the Republican frontrunner in national opinion polls, quit campaigning in South Dakota and made little effort in Minnesota in order to focus on the "super Tuesday" primary, which involves most southern states.

Primary elections, part of the presidential selection process, are held in individual states so voters can select delegates to support their preferred candidates at national party conventions in the

South Dakota were unsettling for cent.

WASHINGTON (R) — U.S. Bush, who is facing a stiff chalpresidential contenders Robert lenge from Robertson in the south and has now been beaten by the former preacher in three of the first four voter tests.

> Dole, who said Bush's decision to opt out of the midwest contests demonstrated he would be a weak national candidate, hopes the two wins will help him in the south. But his organisation there appears to be the weakest of the three top candidates.

Dole needed his latest victories after a second place finish in last Toesday's New Hampshire

He captured 57 per cent of the South Dakota vote and more than 40 per cent of the Minnesota

Robertson had about 28 per cent in Minnesota compared with 11 per cent for Bush. With a handful of votes still to be counted m South Dakota, he had 19 per cent against Bush's 18 per cent. In the Democratic contest, Gephardt beat Dukakis 45-to-30 per cent in South Dakota and Tennessee Senator Albert Gore was third with nine per cent.

In Minnesota, Dukakis had about a third of the vote with black rights leader Jesse Jackson and Ulinois Senator Paul Simon battling for second with about 18 per The results in Minnesota and cent. Gephardt had just eight per

U.S. Senate committee probes alleged FBI abuses

WASHINGTON (R) — The Senate Intelligence Committee has opened a probe into alleged abuses of power by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) during its probe into an American group opposed to U.S. policy in El Salvador.

"The American people want to make certain that the authority of the FBI is not abused in terms of legitimate and rightful domestic political dissent," Seoator David Boren said as be opened the first of what could be several private and poblic bearings into the affair.

Documents released last month showed that bundreds of Amer-

because of their links to the Committee In Solidarity with the People of El Salvador (CISPES). CISPES is a private group cre-

ated in 1980 to oppose Reagan administration policies in El Sal-Some legislators and civil liber-

ties groups are charging the FBI overstepped the legal bounds of domestic surveillance and may bave violated rights to free speech and legitimate political dissent guaranteed in the U.S. constitution.

"It's simply unacceptable for the FBI to conduct sweeping investigations of Americao citizens... unless there is a clear icans and several organisations and present danger to the nationcame under FBI surveillance al security," Senator Bill Bradley from March 1983 to June 1985 told the hearing.

WEEKEND CROSSWORD

COLUMNS 768

Barcelona gypsies fight Africans

BARCELONA (R) - More than 100 Africans and gypsies were detained in Barcelona after street battles over adulterated drugs, the provincial governor's office said Wednesday. The spokesman said two gypsies died after consuming adulterated drugs, and their relatives attacked African drug-peddlers in revenge Monday. He said most of the foreigners arrested came from Noth African countries and were likely to be expelled from Spain.

U.S. navy rescues whale in Gulf

ABOARD THE USS TRUXTUN (R) — The U.S. navy mounted a surprise operation in the Gulf of Oman Sunday rescuing a huge sperm whale trapped in several bundred metres of oylon fishing net. "In my years of naval service I have been called upon to perform many tasks, but oothing like this," said Captain Clinton Conway, commander of the guided missile cruiser Truxtun. A helicopter from the aircraft carrier Enterprise spotted the struggling 13-metre, 30-tonne female whale and radioed the Truxtun, which was 50 kilometres away. When the cruiser reached the scene, it lifted the net with books and secured the whale alongside the vessel. A team of men then set about cutting the creature free. Four hours later, with a strand of net still caught between its teeth like dental floss, the whale swam free.

Man threatens Reagan by mail — from jail

PITTSBURGH (R) — A 19-year-old Pittsburgh man pleaded guilty to threatening President Reagan via a letter be wrote while serving time in the county jail. Paul Zagwoski pleaded guilty in federal court Monday to writing Reagan a letter "containing a threat to take his life or inflict bodily harm upon him," said a statement issued by prosecutors. Zagwoski admitted writing the letter in Pittsburgh's Allegheny county jail last November while awaiting trial on related charges, they said. If convicted, he could face up to five years in prison and a \$250,000 fine. The full text of the letter was not released.

Weinberger receives British knighthood

LONDON (AP) — Caspar Weinberger received an honorary knighthood from Queen Elizabeth II Tuesday, the highest royal honour Britain has bestowed on an American. The brief, private ceremony at Buckingham Palace didn't mean the former U.S. defence secretary would become "Sir Caspar." That accolade is defence the queen's own subjects. But it was Britain's way of reserved for the queen's own subjects. But it was Britain's way of saying thanks to an exceptionally good friend. Asked why be got the knighthood, Weinberger replied: "I haven't the faintest idea." The announcement Feb. 1 cited his "outstanding and invaluable contribution" to Anglo-American defence cooperation, and his "unfailing support and assistance" during the 1982 Falkland Islands war between Britain and Argentina.

Taj Mahal to close once a week

NEW DELHI (R) — The Taj Mahal, India's most famous tourist attraction, may soon close one day a week for maintenance. P.V. Narasimha Rao, minister for human resources development, quoted by Indian newspapers Tuesday, said the proposal would be introduced in parliament during the current session. The white marble tomb complex in Agra, 200 kilometres south of New Delhi, attracts more than three million visitors every year. The main building, with a minaret at each corner and stately ceotral dome, houses a mock vault, while the real tomb is underneath in a tiny, unveotilated mortuary chamber. Plans call for closing this to tourists whose breathing, sweat and stockinged feet can damage it beyond repair. All visitors must remove their shoes before

Italy tentatively agrees to take American jets forced out of Spain

political leaders have agreed in principle to allow U.S. F-16 fighter planes that are being forced out of Spain to be based in Italy, a U.S. official said Tuesday.

The official, who returned with Secretary of State George Shultz Sardinia and a location near Brinfrom two days of talks with Soviet disi which he could not recall officials in Moscow, spoke on the were the alternate sites in Italy officials in Moscow, spoke on the condition that he not be ideno-

He said the United States expected to negotiate a formal agreement with Italy on the F-16s

within the next six months. About 72 of the fighters are located at the U.S. air base at Torrejon near Madrid. But under a new defence agreement with Spain, which insisted the planes be removed from its territory, the air wing will be moved. cost sh.
The United States and North NATO.

WASHINGTON (R) — Italy's Atlantic Treaty Organisatioo political leaders have agreed in (NATO) had wanted to keep the wing in Spain, arguing that Torre-jon was an important venue from which to defend the Western alliance's southern flank. The U.S. official said Comiso,

> now being studied for re-basing the planes. Certain improvements would

likely to have to be made at all the locations, including construction of a runway at Comiso and housing for military dependents at

the other spots, he said.

The U.S. Congress has passed legislation prohibiting the United States from spending money to relocate the air wing, saying the cost should be borne by the

Protesters accuse Aquino of 'betraying revolution'

MANILA (AP) — Abont 20,000 leftist demonstrators marched oo a highway leading to a suburban military camp Wednesday and accused the government of betraying the revolution that swept President Corazon Aquino to power two years ago.

crude chemical concoctions.

About 200 policemen blocked the road leading to Camp Crame and helicopters hovered overhead. But the rally, the biggest antigovernment demonstration this year, was peaceful.

Red banners said, "Advance the people's geouine revolotioo," and one poster read: "Cory closet dictator."

The protesters denounced what they said was Aquino's failure to implement the sweeping economic and political reforms she had promised during the 1986 presidential election. Crispin Beltran, head of the

militant May 1st movement Labour Organisation, told the rally: "We had high hopes when Cory Aquino said she would be the exact opposite of (ousted president Ferdinand) Marcos. But after two years, we have oo. more bope that she will fulfill her

The marchers included students, workers, farmers, nuns and priests. They chanted "Dismantle the U.S.-Aquino regime" and carried effigies of Aquino

PANAMA CITY (R) - The daughter of Paoamanian military leader General Manuel Antonio Noriega and her husband were held for an hour, a U.S. spokes-

night before Panamanian police briefly detained 30 U.S. servicemen around the city, accusing them of violating an agreement not to wear uniforms while riding

crossed to the king of diamonds and tried the trump finesse. In with the king, West realized that East's play at trick one was begging for a shift. His not to reason why, but clubs was the only return that made any 40 kilometres per hour. The spokesman said the four

expected but delightful surprise. It did oot need North to draw South's attention to the fact that ace of trumps and another would have guaranteed the slam.

U.S. military police then handcuffed the four and took them into custody until they were turned over to Panama Defence Force (PDF) representatives, the spokesman said. No charges were filed against them.

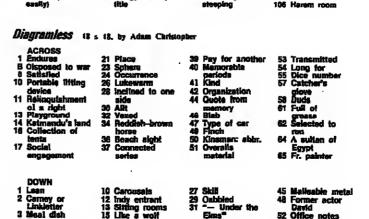
> made their way to work, the U.S. spokesman said. They were released in less than two hours and oo charges were lodged against them, he said.

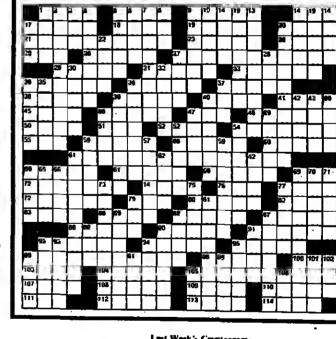
incidents. PDF spokesmen were not

available for comment.

under two U.S. indictments on drug charges.







Edited by Herb Ettenson

Last Week's Cryptograms

Beerles locked in battle picked up by man and stuck to empty bottle.
 Proud thief puriolised a stricta, then stole a roll fur dessert.
 Pudgy youth who may not grab the brass ring can still come up with

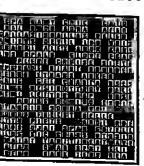
CRYPTOGRAMS

L "ONZKSIK NO MUZAKS." OU PUZ SKWKY MKG NG NS LZTIKO ZNEK KZKWTGUYO. OBLKYRTYEKGO UY AKLTYGRKSG OGUYKO

2. W TWZPQT EOPXKXN XL ZMWN DOŁQTNŁ ZMOR KURSOOLLAOR SON WMOWE UP NMO

3. FEAR YYFLU10 VYFLU101C COVM EC OIAYLMYSHE LIWLUIO YOW SICK

4. PER LESSER BOOS GPO 1CLHOYO NECHG HOBSONGI GPO GRYOL





GOREN BRIDGE

1931 Integne Media Services, Jo

Itoth vulnerable. North deals.

LIGHTNER DOUBLE CAN BE COSTLY

♠ A J 8 6 2 WEST EAST **♦** Void SOUTH

♣ K Q 10 4 3 South Pass Pass DЫ 6 NT Pass Opening lead: Four of

If your opponents are sane, you don't expect to defeat a slam they have bid freely by more than a trick or twu. Therefore, you won't get rich doubling for penalties. For this reason the late Theodore Lightner decided that the double could be used more profitably as a lead-director, usually of dummy's first-bid

The convention has just one drawback it warns the potential declarer that he is about to receive a possibly killing lead. That might al-

low him to take evasive action. This hand was played in a team competition. At both tables South was about to become declarer at six spades. His jump to two spades on a four-card suit was based on his huge fit for his partner's suit, not necessarily from any desire to play in the major. Where we waitched, East chose to make a Lightner double. It did not take any great genius un South's part to realize East wanted to ruff a club, so South ran to six no trump. That contract proved to be unbeatable, declarer losing only a

We do nut know wby East chose not to double at the other table. We can only report on the striking success of his action, thanks to an assist from declarer. West led his fourthbest heart against six spades, and East followed with the three! Oblivious 10 any danger, declarer

trick to the king of spades.

sense. His partner's ruff was an un-

Noriega's daughter, son-in-law briefly detained at U.S. base

stopped for speeding on a U.S. military base, handcuffed and man said Tuesday.

The incideot took place the motorcycles in the capital.

The U.S. military spokesman said the couple were detained Sunday at the Albrook air force base after a car driven by the son-in-law, whose name was notreleased, was alleged to be travelling over the speed limit of

occupants of the car, including

Noriega's daughter. Sandra

Noriega de Buchamps, refused to

show identification and became

"verbally abusive."

The 30 Americans were detained at various points around the city Monday morning as they

The U.S. spokesman declined to comment on whether there was any connection between the two

Relations between Panama and the United States have steadily worsened since Noriega began being publicly accused last summer of involvement in drug trafficking and corruption. He is